

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –
Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle
grills**

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Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle
grills**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES –
SAFETY –****Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial
electric griddles and griddle grills****FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 60335-2-38:2002+AMD1:2008+AMD2:2017 CSV. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 60335-2-38 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances. It is an International Standard.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition published in 2002, Amendment 1: 2008 and Amendment 2:2017. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) the text has been aligned with IEC 60335-1:2020;
- b) some notes have been converted to normative text, modified or deleted (Clause 1, 7.15, 9.101, 10.1, 11.7, 13.3, 15.102, 16.2, 22.101, 22.104, 27.2, 30.101);
- c) relocation of cleaning instructions from 7.12.1 to 7.12;
- d) relocation of 24.101 to 22.105;
- e) exclusion of battery-operated appliances and appliances used in areas open to the public (Clause 1)
- f) conciliation of the text of IEC 60335-2-38 with other standards under IEC/TC61/MT32;
- g) clarifications to some test specifications have been made (9.101, 15.1.1, 15.102, 18.101, 20.1, 22.101, 22.102).

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
61/6375/FDIS	61/6425/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60335 series, published under the general title *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety*, can be found on the IEC website.

This Part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments unless that edition precludes it; in that case, the latest edition that does not preclude it is used. It was established on the basis of the sixth edition (2020) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When “Part 1” is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This Part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle grills.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this Part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states “addition”, “modification” or “replacement”, the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;

- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type*;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- 6.1: Class 01 appliances are allowed (Japan).
- 13.2: Leakage current limits are different (Japan).
- 16.2: Leakage current limits are different (Japan).

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

Guidance documents concerning the application of the safety requirements for appliances can be accessed via TC 61 supporting documents on the IEC website

<https://www.iec.ch/tc61/supportingdocuments>

This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute a replacement for the normative text in this standard.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another Part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant Part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

When a Part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 1 This means that the technical committees responsible for the Part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal publications, basic safety publications and ~~generic standards~~ group safety publications covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. ~~For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.~~

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

NOTE 3 Standards dealing with non-safety aspects of household appliances are:

- IEC standards published by TC 59 concerning methods of measuring performance;
- CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1 and relevant IEC 61000-3 series standards concerning electromagnetic emissions;
- CISPR 14-2 concerning electromagnetic immunity;
- IEC standards published by TC 111 concerning environmental matters.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle grills

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This part of IEC 60335 deals with the safety of electrically operated commercial **griddles** and **griddle grills** ~~not intended for household use and similar use~~, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances connected between one phase and neutral and 480 V for other appliances.

NOTE 101—These appliances are **not intended for household and similar purposes**. They are used for commercial processing of food **in areas not open to the public**, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries, ~~and~~ **butcheries, etc.**

The electrical part of appliances making use of other forms of energy is also within the scope of this standard.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by these types of appliances.

NOTE 102—Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements ~~may~~ **can** be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities.

NOTE 103—This standard does not apply to

- appliances designed exclusively for industrial purposes;
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- appliances for continuous mass production of food;
- grillers and toasters (IEC 60335-2-48);
- appliances incorporating induction heating sources;
- **battery-operated appliances.**

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60584-1, *Thermocouples – Part 1: EMF specifications and tolerances*

ISO 898-1, *Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified property classes – Coarse thread and fine pitch thread*

ISO 3506-1, *Fasteners – Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified grades and property classes*

ISO 3506-2, *Fasteners – Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 2: Nuts with specified grades and property classes*

ISO 3506-3, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 3: Set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress*

ISO 3506-4, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 4: Tapping screws*

3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1 Definitions relating to physical characteristics

3.1.4 Addition:

Note 101 to entry The **rated power input** is the sum of the power inputs of all the individual elements in the appliance that can be on at one time; where there are several such combinations possible, that giving the highest power input is used in determining the **rated power input**.

3.1.9 Replacement:

normal operation

operation of the appliance under the following conditions:

Appliances are operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions with no load and with the controls set to give the temperatures as set out below, the temperature being measured at the hottest point of each controlled cooking surface.

Stepped controls are set to the first position that gives a temperature equal to or greater than 275 °C. Cycling controls are set so that the mean value of the temperature over the cycle is 275 °C ± 5 °C. If this temperature cannot be reached, the control is set at the maximum.

Griddle grills are operated open or closed whichever is the more unfavourable. When in the closed position, the plates are separated by a heat-resistant low-conductivity spacer panel 10 mm thick and having an area equal to the smaller of the cooking areas of the two heating plates.

For **griddle grills** where both plates are not separately controlled, the control is adjusted so that the conditions set out above are achieved on the directly controlled plate. Where both plates are separately controlled, the conditions set out apply to both plates.

Motors and **detachable electrical parts** incorporated in the appliance are operated ~~in the intended manner~~ under the most ~~severe~~ unfavourable conditions that can be expected in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions.

3.5 Definitions relating to types of appliances

3.5.101

griddle

appliance intended to cook by direct contact between one side of the food and a heated surface

3.5.102

griddle grill

appliance intended to cook by direct simultaneous contact of both sides of the food with two heated surfaces

3.6 Definitions relating to parts of an appliance

3.1046.101

heating unit

any part of the appliance that fulfils an independent cooking or heating function

3.1056.102

functional surface

surface that is intentionally heated by an internal heat source and has to be hot to carry out the function for which the appliance is intended

Note 1 to entry: An example is the heated sheath of a tubular heating element.

3.1066.103

adjacent surface

surface that is adjacent to a **functional surface** and which can become hot through conduction

3.8 Definitions relating to miscellaneous matters

3.1038.101

installation wall

special fixed construction containing supply facilities for appliances installed in conjunction with it

4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.10 Addition:

*Appliances intended for installation in a bank of other appliances and appliances intended to be fixed to an **installation wall** are enclosed to obtain protection against electric shock and harmful ingress of water equivalent to that obtained when installed in accordance with the instructions provided with the appliance.*

NOTE 101 Appropriate enclosures or additional appliances ~~may~~ can be needed for test purposes.

5.101 *Appliances are tested as **heating appliances**, ~~even if they incorporate a motor~~ when during a mode of operation electrical heaters are energized. If no electrical heaters are energized, the appliances are tested as **motor-operated appliances**.*

5.102 *Appliances, when assembled in combination with or incorporating other appliances, are tested in accordance with the requirements of this standard. The other appliances are operated simultaneously in accordance with the requirements of the relevant standards.*

5.103 *The test conditions and requirements apply to both heated surfaces of **griddle grills**.*

6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

6.1 Replacement:

Appliances shall be **class I** with respect to protection against electric shock.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the relevant tests.

6.2 Addition:

Appliances normally used on a table shall be at least IPX3. Other appliances shall be at least IPX4.

7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

7.1 Addition:

If appliances have external **accessible surfaces**, for which temperature rise limits are specified in Table 101 and for which the provisions of footnote 6 to Table 101 apply, then the appliance shall be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10), or with the substance of the following:

Caution: Hot surfaces.

7.6 Addition:

Add the following symbol:



[symbol IEC 60417-5041
(2002-10)]

caution, hot surface

7.12 Addition:

If the appliance incorporates a surface of glass-ceramic or similar material that provides the enclosure of **live parts**, the instructions shall include the substance of the following warning:

WARNING: If the surface is cracked, immediately disconnect the appliance or appropriate part of the appliance from the supply.

The instructions for appliances with cooking surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material shall state that aluminium foil and plastic vessels are not to be placed on the hot surfaces. They shall also state that these surfaces are not to be used for storage.

The instructions for appliances incorporating halogen lamps shall warn the user to avoid looking directly at the lamps when on.

Appliances that are provided with an appliance inlet and are intended to be immersed in water for cleaning shall be accompanied by an instruction stating that the connector shall be removed before the appliance is cleaned and that the appliance inlet shall be dried before the appliance is used again.

Unless the appliance or part is intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, the instructions for appliances with **detachable electrical parts** and appliances, other than **stationary appliances**, shall state that the appliance or part must not be immersed.

If any of the symbols IEC 60417-5021 (2002-10) or IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) are marked on the appliance, their meaning shall be explained.

The instructions shall include the substance of the following:

These appliances are intended to be used for commercial applications, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries, butcheries, etc., but not for continuous mass production of food.

If the manufacturer wants to limit the use of the appliance to less than the above, this has to be clearly stated in the instructions.

Modification:

The instruction concerning persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge and children playing with the appliance is not applicable.

7.12.1 ~~Replacement~~ Addition:

The appliance shall be accompanied by instructions detailing any special precautions necessary for installation. For appliances intended for installation in a bank of other appliances and appliances intended to be fixed to an **installation wall**, details of how to ensure appropriate protection against electric shock and harmful ingress of water shall be supplied. If the controls of more than one appliance are combined in a separate enclosure, detailed installation instructions shall be supplied. Instructions for **user maintenance**, for example cleaning, shall also be given. They shall include a statement that the appliance is not to be cleaned with a water jet or a steam cleaner.

~~Appliances that are provided with an appliance inlet, and are intended to be immersed in water for cleaning shall be accompanied by an instruction stating that the connector shall be removed before the appliance is cleaned and that the appliance inlet shall be dried before the appliance is used again.~~

~~The instructions of appliances other than **stationary** appliances and appliances with **detachable electrical parts**, that are not intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, shall state that the appliance or part must not be immersed.~~

For appliances that are permanently connected to fixed wiring and for which leakage currents may can exceed 10 mA, particularly if disconnected or not used for long periods, or during initial installation, the instructions shall give recommendations regarding the rating of **protective devices**, such as ~~earth leakage relays~~ residual current devices (RCD), to be installed.

If a **stationary appliance** is intended to be moved for cleaning, this shall be stated.

For **stationary appliances** equipped with rollers or castors or intended to be moved for cleaning, the instructions shall state the substance of the following.

This appliance is to be connected with flexible connections for equipotential bonding and connection to services such as electricity supply, water supply, gas supply and steam supply such that the appliance can be moved in the direction required for cleaning a distance not less than the dimension of the appliance in the direction of movement plus 500 mm without the flexible connections becoming taut or being subject to strain.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.12.4 Addition:

The instructions for **built-in appliances** having a separate control panel for several appliances shall state that the control panel is only to be connected to the specified appliances in order to avoid a possible hazard.

7.12.9 Not applicable.

7.14 Addition:

The height of the triangle in symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) shall be at least 15 mm.

7.15 Addition:

The marking specified for external **accessible surfaces** shall be visible when the appliance is operated as in normal use, including when actuating any switch, adjusting any control or opening a lid or door. It shall not be placed on a **functional surface** or **adjacent surface**.

Modification:

For **fixed appliances**, the marking of the name or trademark or identification mark of the manufacturer or responsible vendor and the model or type reference shall be marked on the appliance and, if not visible when the appliance is installed as in normal use, shall be included in the instructions or on an additional label that can be fixed near the appliance after installation.

~~NOTE 101—An example of such an appliance is a built-in hob.~~

7.101 If, during the test of Clause 11, the temperature rise of the side and rear walls of the test corner above the level of the cooking surface exceeds 65 K, ~~and/or~~ during the test of Clause 19 the temperature rise of the walls above and below the cooking surface level or of the floor or ceiling exceeds 125 K, the installation instructions provided by the manufacturer shall include the substance of the following that shall also be included on a ~~non~~-permanent label, ~~for example a tie-on type~~, attached to the appliance.

Where this appliance is to be positioned in close proximity to a wall, partitions, kitchen furniture, decorative finishes, etc., it is recommended that they are made of non-combustible material; if not, they shall be clad with a suitable non-combustible heat-insulating material, ~~and that the closest attention be paid to fire prevention regulations.~~

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.102 Equipotential bonding terminals shall be marked with symbol ~~5021 of IEC 60417-1~~ IEC 60417-5021(2002-10).

These markings shall not be placed on screws, removable washers or other parts that can be removed when conductors are being connected.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.103 Appliances or the **detachable electrical parts** of appliances intended to be partially immersed in water for cleaning shall be marked with a line that clearly indicates the maximum depth of immersion, together with the substance of the following warning:

Do not immerse beyond this line.

If there is any seam or seal that causes the appliance or part not to withstand the treatment specified in 15.102, the line indicating the maximum depth of immersion shall be at least 50 mm below any such seam or seal when the appliance or the part is in the position in which it is to be cleaned.

Compliance is checked by inspection and measurement.

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

9.101 Fan motors providing a cooling effect in order to comply with the requirements of Clause 11 shall start under all voltage conditions that ~~may~~ can occur in use.

~~Compliance is checked by starting the motor three times at a voltage equal to 0,85 times rated voltage, the motor being at room temperature at the beginning of the test.~~

*Compliance is checked by the following tests using a supply source such that its drop in voltage does not exceed 1 % during the tests, the appliance being returned to **room temperature** after each test.*

~~The **motor** appliance is started ~~each time~~ under the conditions occurring at the beginning of **normal operation** or, for automatic appliances, at the beginning of the normal cycle of operation, ~~the motor being allowed to come to rest between successive starts~~ a voltage equal to 0,85 times **rated voltage** being applied to the input terminals of the appliance.~~

*For appliances provided with motors having other than centrifugal starting switches, this test is repeated at a voltage equal to 1,06 times **rated voltage** being applied to the input terminals of the appliance.*

The tests are carried out three times.

*In all cases, the motor shall start and it shall function in such a way that safety is not affected and overload ~~protection~~ **protective devices** of the motor shall not operate.*

~~NOTE The supply source must be such that during the test the drop in voltage does not exceed 1 %.~~

10 Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

10.1 Addition:

~~NOTE 101~~ *For appliances having more than one heating unit, the total power input may be determined by measuring the power input of each heating unit separately (see also 3.1.4).*

11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.2 Addition:

Appliances intended to be fixed to the floor and appliances with a mass greater than 40 kg and not provided with rollers, castors or similar means are installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If no instructions are given, these appliances are considered as appliances normally placed on the floor.

11.3 Addition:

*Where the external **accessible surfaces** are suitably flat and access permits, then the test probe of ~~Figure 103~~ Figure 101 is used to measure the temperature rises of external **accessible surfaces** specified in Table 101. The probe is applied with a force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$ to the surface in such a way that the best possible contact between the probe and the surface is ensured. The measurement is performed after a contact period of 30 s.*

The probe may be held in place using a laboratory stand clamp or similar device. Any measuring instrument giving the same results as the probe may be used.

11.4 Replacement:

*Appliances are operated under **normal operation** such that the total power input of the appliance is 1,15 times **rated power input**. If it is not possible to switch on all heating elements at the same time, the test is made with each of the combinations that the switch arrangement will allow, the highest load possible with each switching arrangement being in circuit.*

If the appliance is provided with a control that limits the total power input, the test is made with whichever combination of heating units, as may be selected by the control, imposes the most ~~severe~~ unfavourable condition.

*If the temperature rise limits of motors, transformers or electronic circuits are exceeded, the test is repeated with the appliance supplied at 1,06 times **rated voltage**. In this case, only the temperature ~~rises of motors, transformers or electronic circuits~~ rise of the components for which the temperature rise limits were exceeded are measured.*

11.7 Replacement:

Appliances are operated until steady conditions are established.

*Steady conditions are considered to exist 60 min after reaching the temperatures defined for **normal operation**.*

When an appliance is assembled in combination with, equipped with or incorporating accessories or other appliances, the interaction shall be covered if they are provided to operate simultaneously as stated by the manufacturer or by a common control.

~~NOTE 101—The duration of the test may consist of more than one cycle of operation.~~

11.8 Modification:

During the test, the temperature rises are monitored continuously and shall not exceed the values shown in Table 3 and Table 101.

Addition:

The limit of 65 K temperature rise for the rear and side test walls, including the part of the test corner that projects in front of the appliance, only applies below the level of the cooking surface. If this temperature rise limit is exceeded above this level then the requirements of 7.101 apply.

**Table 101 – Maximum temperature rises
for specified external accessible surfaces under normal operating conditions**

Surface ^a	Temperature rise of external accessible surfaces ^b K
Bare metal	48
Coated metal ^c	59
Glass and ceramic	65
Plastic and plastic coating > 0,4 mm ^{d, e}	74
^a Temperature rises are not measured on: – the underside of appliances intended to be used on a working surface or floor; – the rear surface of appliances; – surfaces that are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end; – functional surfaces and adjacent surfaces. ^b The temperature rise on external accessible surfaces up to a distance of 100 mm from adjacent surfaces of the appliance (see Figure 102) may exceed the limits by up to 25 K, but the relevant part shall then be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) or the equivalent text. ^c Metal is considered coated when a coating having a minimum thickness of 90 µm made by of enamel or non-substantially plastic coating is used. ^d The temperature rise limit of plastic also applies for plastic material having a metal finish of thickness less than 0,1 mm. ^e When the thickness of the plastic coating does not exceed 0,4 mm, the temperature rise limits of coated metal for underlying metal apply or the temperature rise limits for glass or ceramic material for underlying glass or ceramic material apply.	

12 ~~Void~~ Charging of metal-ion batteries

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13.2 Modification:

Instead of the permissible leakage current for stationary class I appliances, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher;
- for other appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.

For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.

For **heating units** with surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material, a flat metal plate, 200 mm × 100 mm and 2 mm thick is used in place of the metal foil. The concavity of the major dimension of the plate shall not exceed 0,1 mm.

The plate is put in any position on the surface for a period of 1 min before the leakage current is measured.

13.3 Addition:

If there is earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the flat metal plate is connected to earthed metal.

A test voltage of 1 000 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

If there is no earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the metal plate is not connected to earthed metal.

A test voltage of 3 000 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

~~NOTE 101—Care is taken to ensure that the voltage applied does not overstress the other insulations.~~

During the test care shall be taken to avoid overstressing other insulation.

14 Transient overvoltages

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

15 Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

~~15.1 Addition:~~

~~Appliances or any detachable electrical parts intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning are also subjected to the tests of 15.102.~~

~~NOTE 101—Appliances other than stationary appliances or any detachable electrical parts not marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion, or for which there is no warning against partial or complete immersion in the instructions, are considered to be appliances intended to be completely immersed in water for cleaning.~~

15.1.1 Addition:

In addition, ~~IPX0, IPX1, IPX2, IPX3 and IPX4~~ appliances, except those marked IPX5 and IPX6, are subjected for 5 min to the following splash test.

The apparatus shown in ~~Figure 101~~ Figure 103 is used. The appliance is placed in normal position of use and adjustable feet shall be set in accordance with the instruction for use to the most unfavourable height.

For appliances normally used on the floor, the bowl is placed on the floor and is moved around in such a way as to splash the appliance from all directions. During the test, the water pressure is so regulated that the water splashes up 150 mm above the bottom of the bowl. ~~The bowl is placed on the floor for appliances normally used on the floor. For all other appliances, on a horizontal support 50 mm below the lowest edge of the appliance, the bowl is so moved around~~

~~as to splash the appliance from all directions.~~ The bowl is not positioned underneath the appliance.

For all other appliances, the bowl is placed on the same plane where the appliance is placed and is moved around in such a way as to splash the appliance from all directions. During the test, the water pressure is so regulated that the water splashes up 100 mm the bottom of the bowl. The bowl is not positioned underneath the appliance.

Care is taken that the appliance is not hit by the direct jet.

15.1.2 Modification:

Appliances normally used on a table are placed on a support having dimensions that are 15 cm ± 5 cm in excess of those of the orthogonal projection of the appliance on the support.

15.2 Modification:

One litre of the **spillage** solution is poured steadily over a period of 1 min on to the centre of the surface of the griddle plate.

15.101 Appliances that are provided with a tap intended for filling or cleaning shall be constructed so that the water from the tap cannot come into contact with **live parts**.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The tap is fully opened for 1 min with the appliance connected to a water supply having the maximum water pressure indicated by the manufacturer. Tiltable and movable parts, including lids, are tilted or placed in the most unfavourable positions. Swivelling outlets of water taps are so positioned as to direct water on to those parts that will give the most unfavourable result. Immediately following this treatment, the appliance shall withstand an electric strength test as specified in 16.3.

15.102 Appliances or **detachable electrical parts** intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning shall have adequate protection against the effects of immersion.

This requirement also applies to appliances, other than **stationary appliances**, or any **detachable electrical parts** not marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion, or for which there is no warning against partial or complete immersion in the instructions.

Compliance is checked by the following tests.

The sample is operated under **normal operation**, except that cycling controls, if any, are adjusted to the highest setting, the supply voltage being such that the power input of the appliance is 1,15 times the **rated power input**.

When steady conditions are established or when the cycling control operates for the first time, the connector is withdrawn or the supply switched off and the sample is immediately immersed completely in water having a temperature between 10 °C and 25 °C, unless it is marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion, in which case it is immersed to the depth indicated.

After 1 h of immersion, the sample is removed from the water and dried, care being taken to ensure that all moisture is removed from the insulation in the vicinity of the pins of appliance inlets. The leakage current is then measured on the assembled appliance, as described in 16.2.

The leakage current shall not exceed the value specified in 16.2.

After the treatment described above and the measurement of the leakage current, the sample shall withstand an electric strength test as specified in 16.3, the test voltage being, however, reduced to 1 000 V.

The sample is then operated ~~under normal operation, the supply voltage being such that the power input of the appliance is 1,15 times the rated power input~~ as above for 10 d (240 h). During this period, the sample is allowed to cool down to approximately room temperature five times at regular intervals.

After this period, the connector of the sample is withdrawn or the supply otherwise switched off and the sample immediately immersed once more in water for 1 h as described above. It is then dried and the leakage current is measured again as described in 16.2.

The leakage current shall not exceed the value specified in 16.2.

The sample shall then withstand an electric strength test as specified before, and inspection shall show that water has not entered the appliance where electrical components are situated to any appreciable extent.

~~NOTE—When inspecting the appliance for the presence of water, special attention is paid to parts of the appliance in which electrical components are situated.~~

16 Leakage current and electric strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

16.1 Addition:

For **heating units** with surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material, the tests of 16.2 and 16.3 are made with the flat metal plate as described in 13.2.

16.2 Modification:

Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher;
- for other appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.

For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.

Addition:

If there is earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the leakage current is measured for each of the **heating units** in turn, with the flat metal plate connected to earthed metal.

The leakage current shall not exceed 1 mA per kW of the power input of the **heating unit** being tested.

If there is no earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the leakage current is measured between each pole of the supply and the flat metal plate for each of the **heating units** in turn, the metal plate not being connected to earthed metal.

For each measurement the leakage current shall not exceed 0,25 mA.

NOTE 101—For appliances intended to be used with a connector and intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, the appliance inlet may be dried, for example by means of blotting paper, before applying the test voltage, if the appliance would not otherwise withstand this test.

16.3 Addition:

If there is earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the flat metal plate is connected to **the** earthed metal.

A test voltage of 1 250 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

If there is no earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the metal plate is not connected to earthed metal.

A test voltage of 3 000 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

18 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

18.101 Appliances incorporating surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material shall withstand thermal stresses liable to occur in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The appliance is operated with all heating sources beneath the glass-ceramic or similar material energized at the same time. **Griddle grills** are operated in the open position.

The controls are set at maximum and the appliance is operated for 500 cycles, each cycle comprising 10 min on and 20 min off, the supply being 1,1 times **rated voltage**. The operation of **thermostats** or **temperature limiters** during the test is ignored.

Immediately after the last energized period the cooking surface is subjected to a spillage test using $-1^{+0,1}_0 - 2^{+0,1}_0$ l of cold water between 10 °C and 15 °C, poured steadily over the surface for 1 min.

15 min later, all excess water is removed from the surface.

After the test, the surface shall not be cracked or broken and the appliance shall withstand the test in 16.3.

19 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 Addition:

A control or switching device that is intended for different settings corresponding to different functions of the same part of the appliance and that are covered by different standards is in addition set in the most ~~severe~~ unfavourable setting irrespective of the manufacturer's instructions.

19.2 Addition:

Controls are set at maximum.

19.13 Addition:

If the temperature rise of the walls above and below the cooking surface level or of the floor or ceiling exceeds 125 K, the requirements of 7.101 apply.

20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable *except* as follows.

20.1 Modification:

The test with the angle of inclination increased to 15° is not carried out.

21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable *except* as follows.

21.101 Cooking surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material shall withstand the stresses liable to occur in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

Heating sources beneath a surface of glass-ceramic or similar material are operated in accordance with the conditions of Clause 11 until steady conditions are established. After switching off, the cooking surface is immediately subjected to the following test.

A vessel having a bottom of copper or aluminium that is flat over a diameter of 220 mm ± 10 mm with edges rounded with a radius of at least 10 mm is uniformly filled with sand or shot so that the total mass is 4 kg. The vessel is dropped flat from a height of 150 mm onto the surface.

The test is carried out 10 times on any part of the cooking surface but not within 20 mm of control knobs.

The heating sources are then again operated in accordance with the conditions of Clause 11 until steady conditions are established.

Immediately after switching off, a quantity of $4 \frac{+0,1}{0} 2 \frac{+0,1}{0}$ l of cold water at 15 °C ± 5 °C is then poured steadily over a period of 1 min over the surface; 15 min later all excess water is removed.

The appliance is then allowed to cool to approximately ambient temperature. An additional quantity of $1^{+0,1}_{-0}$ $2^{+0,1}_{-0}$ l of cold water is then again poured steadily over a period of 1 min over the surface.

15 min later, all excess water is removed and the surface wiped dry.

After the tests, the surface shall not be cracked or broken and the appliance shall withstand the test of 16.3.

22 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

22.101 For ~~three~~ multi-phase appliances, **thermal cut-outs** protecting circuits with heating elements, and those for motors of which the unexpected starting ~~may~~ can cause a hazard, shall be of the non-self-resetting and trip-free type, and shall provide **all-pole disconnection** from related supply circuits.

For single-phase appliances and for single-phase heating elements and/or motors connected between one phase and neutral or between phase and phase, **thermal cut-outs** protecting circuits with heating elements, and those for motors of which the unexpected starting ~~may~~ can cause a hazard, shall be of the non-self-resetting and trip-free type, and shall provide at least one-pole disconnection.

If the **non-self-resetting thermal cut-out** is only accessible after removing parts with the aid of a **tool**, the trip-free type is not required.

NOTE 1 ~~Thermal cut-outs of the Trip-free type have an automatic action, with a reset actuating member, so constructed that the automatic action is independent of manipulation or position of the reset mechanism. Trip-free is an automatic action that is independent of manipulation or position of the actuating member.~~

Thermal cut-outs of the bulb and capillary type that operate during the tests of Clause 19 shall be such that rupture of the capillary tube shall not impair compliance with the requirements of 19.13.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test and by rupturing the capillary tube in such a way that the rupture does not seal the tube.

NOTE 2 ~~Care must be taken to ensure that the rupture does not seal the capillary tube.~~

22.102 Lights, switches or push-buttons ~~shall only be coloured red~~ for the indication of danger, alarm or similar situations shall be coloured red.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.103 **Portable appliances** shall not have openings on the underside that would allow small items to penetrate and touch **live parts**.

*Compliance is checked by inspection and by measuring the distance between the supporting surface and **live parts** through openings. This distance shall be at least 6 mm. However, if the appliance is fitted with legs, this distance is increased to 10 mm if the appliance is intended to stand on the table and to 20 mm if it is intended to stand on the floor.*

22.104 Hinged cooking surfaces of **griddle grills** shall be protected against accidental dropping, ~~unless they can be opened through an angle of at least 100°, even if placed against a wall.~~

Compliance is checked by applying a force of 20 N in the most unfavourable position and direction to the raised cooking surface. The cooking surface shall not fall back to its operating position.

~~NOTE—Hinged cooking surfaces that can be opened through an angle of at least 100°, even if placed against a wall, are not subjected to this test.~~

22.105 Thermal controls shall not be incorporated in connectors.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

23.3 Addition:

~~When~~ If the capillary tube of the **thermostat** is liable to flexing in normal use the following applies:

- where the capillary tube is fitted as part of the internal wiring, Part 1 applies;
- where the capillary tube is separate, it is subjected to 1 000 flexings at a rate not exceeding 30 per min.

~~NOTE 101—If, in any of the above cases, it is not possible to move the movable part of the appliance at the given rate, due for example to the mass of the part, the rate of flexing may be reduced.~~

The rate of flexing may be reduced if it is not possible to move the movable part of the appliance at the given rate, due to the mass of the movable part.

After the test, the capillary tube shall show no sign of damage within the meaning of this standard and no damage impairing its further use.

However, if a rupture of the capillary tube renders the appliance inoperative (fail-safe), separate capillary tubes are not tested and those fitted as part of the internal wiring are not inspected for compliance with the requirements.

Compliance in this instance is checked by rupturing the capillary tube in such a way that the rupture does not seal the capillary tube.

~~NOTE 102—Care must be taken to ensure that the rupture does not seal the capillary tube.~~

24 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable ~~except as follows.~~

~~**24.101** Connectors fitted to appliances shall not incorporate a thermostat.~~

~~Compliance is checked by inspection.~~

25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

25.3 Addition:

Appliances with a mass greater than 40 kg, intended for permanent connection to fixed wiring and not provided with rollers, castors or similar means shall be constructed so that the connection can be done after the appliance has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

The connection to the fixed wiring of **built-in appliances** may be made before the appliance is installed.

Terminals for permanent connection of cables to fixed wiring may also be suitable for the **type X attachment** of a **supply cord**. In this case, a cord anchorage complying with 25.16 shall be fitted to the appliance.

If the appliance uses a **type X attachment**, the instructions shall state the size and type of the **supply cord** to be used.

25.7 Modification:

Instead of the types of **supply cords** specified, the following applies.

Supply cords shall be oil-resistant, sheathed flexible cable not lighter than ordinary polychloroprene or other equivalent synthetic elastomer-sheathed cord (code designation 60245 IEC 57).

26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

27.2 Addition:

Stationary appliances shall be provided with a terminal for the connection of an external equipotential conductor. This terminal shall

- be in effective electrical contact with all fixed exposed metal parts of the appliance, **except small fixed exposed metal parts such as name-plates and similar parts;**
- allow the connection of a conductor having a nominal cross-sectional area of up to 10 mm²; and
- be located in a position convenient for the connection of the bonding conductor after installation of the appliance.

NOTE 101—~~Small fixed exposed metal parts, for example nameplates and the like, are not required to be in electrical contact with the terminal.~~

28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

28.1 Addition:

Screws made of carbon steel and alloy steel shall be made in accordance with ISO 898-1.

Screws made of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel shall be made in accordance with ISO 3506-1, or ISO 3506-2, or ISO 3506-3, or ISO 3506-4.

28.4 Addition:

Screws that make mechanical connections and electrical connections shall be so designed that the contact pressure does not change appreciably through loosening of the screwed assembly parts during operational stress and contact corrosion.

Screws that make mechanical connections and provide earthing continuity shall be so designed that the contact pressure does not change appreciably through loosening of the screwed assembly parts due to operational stress and contact corrosion. They shall be designed so that a minimum contact pressure remains.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measuring the assembling torques for screwed connections providing earthing continuity by applying a torque as specified in Table 102 to turn the screw in the fastening direction. The screw shall not turn.

The screw shall not have been unfastened prior to performing this test.

Table 102 – Assembling torques for screwed connections providing earthing continuity

Outer thread diameter of the screw mm	Assembling torque Nm	
	Screwed connections for the mechanical strength of the screws A2-70 according to ISO 3506-1, or ISO 3506-2, or ISO 3506-3, or ISO 3506-4 and 5.8 according to ISO 898-1	Screwed connections for the mechanical strength of the screws > 8.8 according to ISO 898-1
> 2,8 and ≤ 3,6	0,8	1,3
> 3,6 and ≤ 4,2	1,9	3,0
> 4,2 and ≤ 5,3	3,7	6,0
> 5,3 and ≤ 6,3	6,5	10,0
M 8	15,0	25,0
M 10	31,0	50,0

29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 Addition:

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3 and the insulation shall have a comparative tracking index (CTI) not less than 250, unless the insulation is enclosed or located so that it is unlikely to be exposed to pollution during normal use of the appliance.

30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

30.2.1 Modification:

The glow-wire test is carried out at 650 °C. The glow-wire flammability index (GWFI) according to IEC 60695-2-12 shall be at least 650 °C.

30.2.2 Not applicable.

30.101 Filters, if any, of non-metallic materials intended for the absorption of grease are subjected to the burning test specified in ISO 9772 for category HBF material, if relevant, or shall be classified at least HB40 according to IEC 60695-11-10, except that the thickness of the specimen is the same as that in the appliance.

Compliance is checked by the tests of ISO 9772 or IEC 60695-11-10.

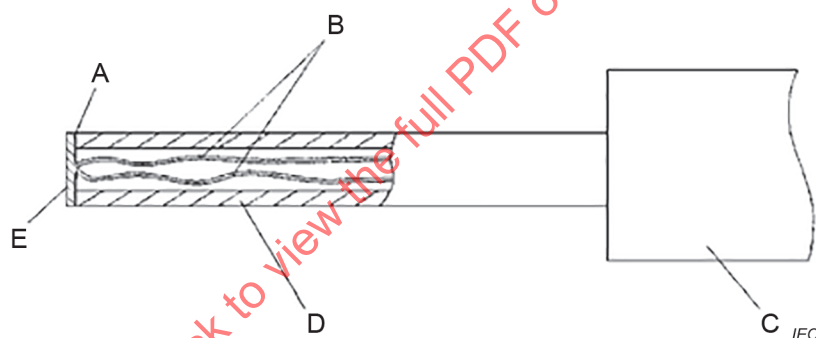
NOTE—*For the burning test specified in ISO 9772 it may be necessary to support the specimen.*

31 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

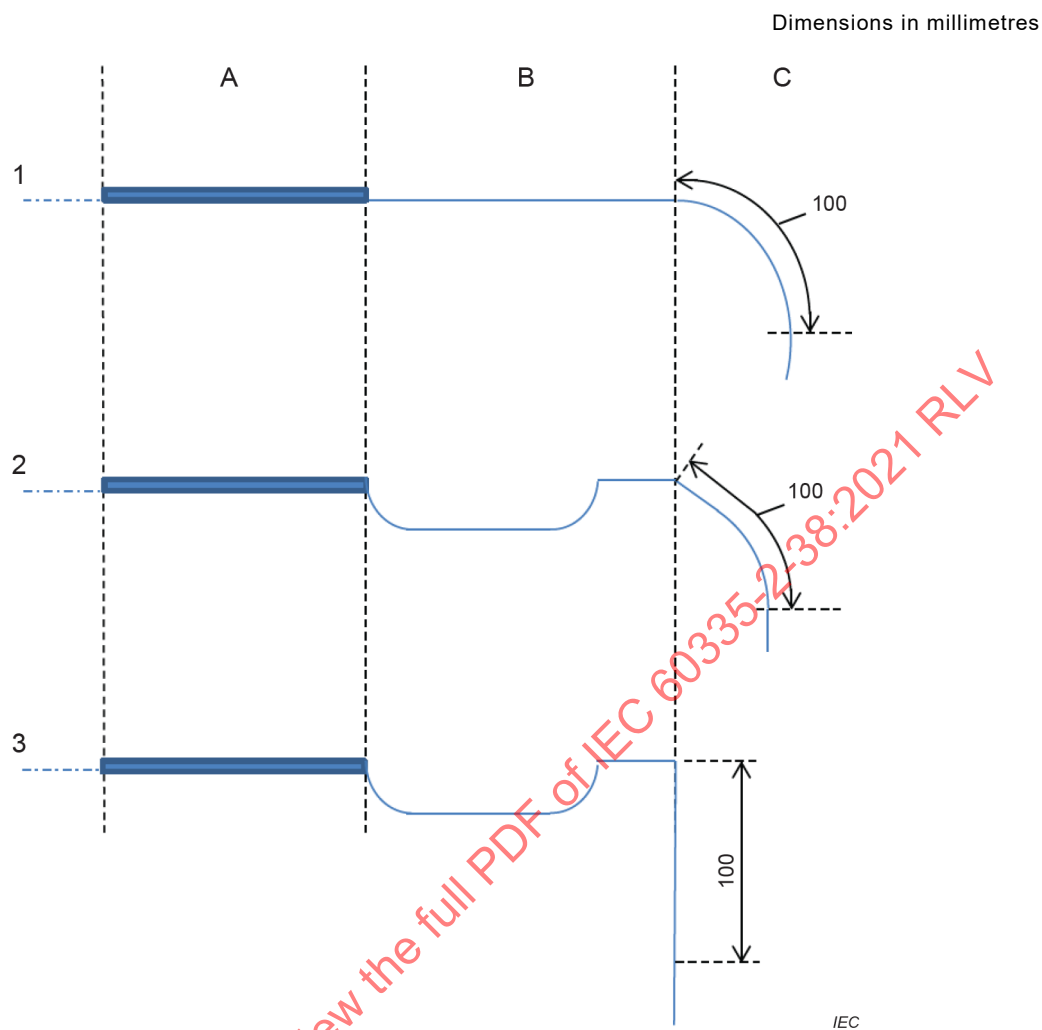
This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



Key

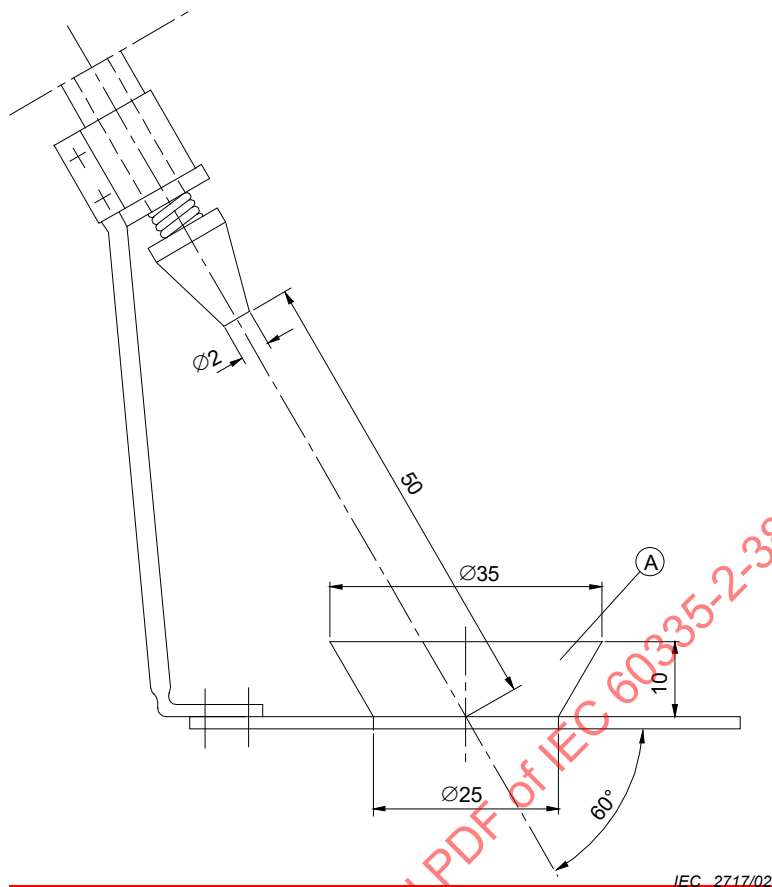
- A adhesive
- B thermocouple wires 0,3 mm diameter to IEC 60584-1 Type K ~~(chrome-alumel)~~
- C handle arrangement permitting a contact force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$
- D polycarbonat tube: inside diameter 3 mm, outside diameter 5 mm
- E tinned copper disc: 5 mm diameter, 0,5 mm thick with a flat contact face

Figure 103 101 – Probe for measuring surface temperatures

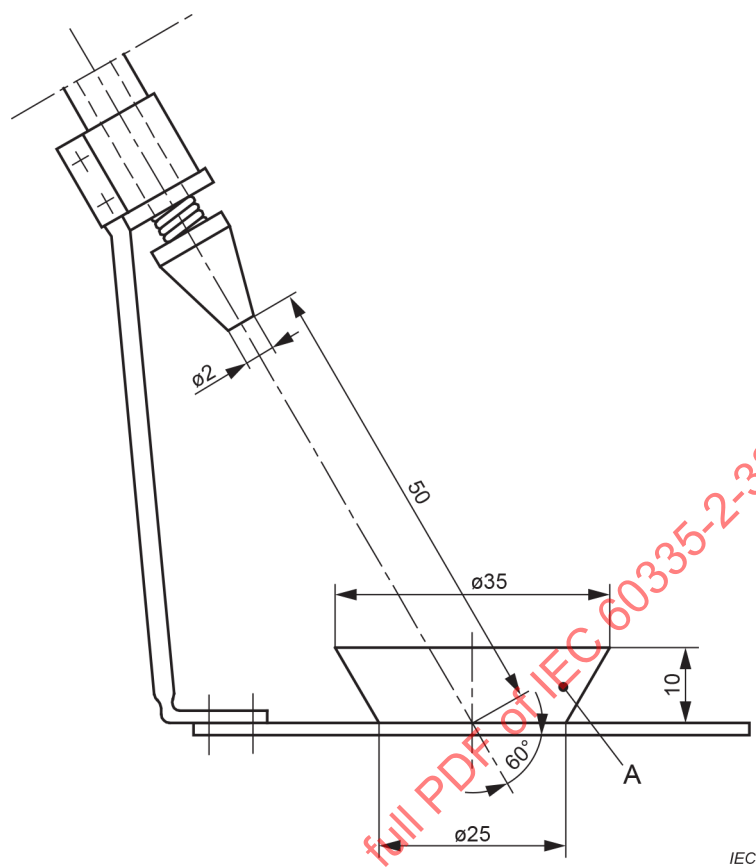
**Key**

- A **functional surface**
- B **adjacent surface**
- C **external accessible surface**

Figure 102 – Identification of surfaces for temperature measurement



Dimensions in millimetres

**Key**

A bowl

Figure 103 – Splash apparatus

Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

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Annex B (normative)

Battery-operated appliances, separable batteries and detachable batteries for battery-operated appliances

This annex of Part 1 is not applicable.

Annex N (normative)

Proof tracking test

~~6.3 Addition:~~

~~Add 250 V to the list of specified voltages.~~

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Annex P (informative)

Guidance for the application of this standard to appliances used in tropical climates

This annex of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

13.2 Modification:

Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, *whichever is higher*;
- for other appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, *whichever is higher*.

For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, *whichever is higher*.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

16.2 Modification:

Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, *whichever is higher*;
- for other appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, *whichever is higher*.

For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, *whichever is higher*.

Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60335-2-48, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-48: Particular requirements for commercial electric grillers and toasters*

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –
Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle
grills**

**Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité –
Partie 2-38: Exigences particulières pour les plaques à griller électriques
à usage commercial**

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES –
SAFETY –****Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial
electric griddles and griddle grills**

FOREWORD

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IEC 60335-2-38 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances. It is an International Standard.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition published in 2002, Amendment 1: 2008 and Amendment 2:2017. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) the text has been aligned with IEC 60335-1:2020;
- b) some notes have been converted to normative text, modified or deleted (Clause 1, 7.15, 9.101, 10.1, 11.7, 13.3, 15.102, 16.2, 22.101, 22.104, 27.2, 30.101);
- c) relocation of cleaning instructions from 7.12.1 to 7.12;
- d) relocation of 24.101 to 22.105;

- e) exclusion of battery-operated appliances and appliances used in areas open to the public (Clause 1)
- f) conciliation of the text of IEC 60335-2-38 with other standards under IEC/TC61/MT32;
- g) clarifications to some test specifications have been made (9.101, 15.1.1, 15.102, 18.101, 20.1, 22.101, 22.102).

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
61/6375/FDIS	61/6425/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60335 series, published under the general title *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety*, can be found on the IEC website.

This Part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments unless that edition precludes it; in that case, the latest edition that does not preclude it is used. It was established on the basis of the sixth edition (2020) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When “Part 1” is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This Part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle grills.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this Part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states “addition”, “modification” or “replacement”, the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type*;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- 6.1: Class 01 appliances are allowed (Japan).
- 13.2: Leakage current limits are different (Japan).
- 16.2: Leakage current limits are different (Japan).

IMPORTANT – The "colour inside" logo on the cover page of this document indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

Guidance documents concerning the application of the safety requirements for appliances can be accessed via TC 61 supporting documents on the IEC website

<https://www.iec.ch/tc61/supportingdocuments>

This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute a replacement for the normative text in this standard.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another Part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant Part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

When a Part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 1 This means that the technical committees responsible for the Part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal publications, basic safety publications and group safety publications covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

NOTE 3 Standards dealing with non-safety aspects of household appliances are:

- IEC standards published by TC 59 concerning methods of measuring performance;
- CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1 and relevant IEC 61000-3 series standards concerning electromagnetic emissions;
- CISPR 14-2 concerning electromagnetic immunity;
- IEC standards published by TC 111 concerning environmental matters.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-38: Particular requirements for commercial electric griddles and griddle grills

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This part of IEC 60335 deals with the safety of electrically operated commercial **griddles** and **griddle grills**, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances connected between one phase and neutral and 480 V for other appliances.

These appliances are not intended for household and similar purposes. They are used for commercial processing of food in areas not open to the public, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries and butcheries.

The electrical part of appliances making use of other forms of energy is also within the scope of this standard.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by these types of appliances.

Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements can be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities.

This standard does not apply to

- appliances designed exclusively for industrial purposes;
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- appliances for continuous mass production of food;
- grillers and toasters (IEC 60335-2-48);
- appliances incorporating induction heating sources;
- **battery-operated appliances.**

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60584-1, *Thermocouples – Part 1: EMF specifications and tolerances*

ISO 898-1, *Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified property classes – Coarse thread and fine pitch thread*

ISO 3506-1, *Fasteners – Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified grades and property classes*

ISO 3506-2, *Fasteners – Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 2: Nuts with specified grades and property classes*

ISO 3506-3, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 3: Set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress*

ISO 3506-4, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 4: Tapping screws*

3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1 Definitions relating to physical characteristics

3.1.4 Addition:

Note 101 to entry The **rated power input** is the sum of the power inputs of all the individual elements in the appliance that can be on at one time; where there are several such combinations possible, that giving the highest power input is used in determining the **rated power input**.

3.1.9 Replacement:

operation of the appliance under the following conditions:

Appliances are operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions with no load and with the controls set to give the temperatures as set out below, the temperature being measured at the hottest point of each controlled cooking surface.

Stepped controls are set to the first position that gives a temperature equal to or greater than 275 °C. Cycling controls are set so that the mean value of the temperature over the cycle is 275 °C ± 5 °C. If this temperature cannot be reached, the control is set at the maximum.

Griddle grills are operated open or closed whichever is the more unfavourable. When in the closed position, the plates are separated by a heat-resistant low-conductivity spacer panel 10 mm thick and having an area equal to the smaller of the cooking areas of the two heating plates.

For **griddle grills** where both plates are not separately controlled, the control is adjusted so that the conditions set out above are achieved on the directly controlled plate. Where both plates are separately controlled, the conditions set out apply to both plates.

Motors and **detachable electrical parts** incorporated in the appliance are operated under the most unfavourable conditions that can be expected in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions.

3.5 Definitions relating to types of appliances

3.5.101

griddle

appliance intended to cook by direct contact between one side of the food and a heated surface

3.5.102

griddle grill

appliance intended to cook by direct simultaneous contact of both sides of the food with two heated surfaces

3.6 Definitions relating to parts of an appliance

3.6.101

heating unit

any part of the appliance that fulfils an independent cooking or heating function

3.6.102

functional surface

surface that is intentionally heated by an internal heat source and has to be hot to carry out the function for which the appliance is intended

Note 1 to entry: An example is the heated sheath of a tubular heating element.

3.6.103

adjacent surface

surface that is adjacent to a **functional surface** and which can become hot through conduction

3.8 Definitions relating to miscellaneous matters

3.8.101

installation wall

special fixed construction containing supply facilities for appliances installed in conjunction with it

4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.10 Addition:

*Appliances intended for installation in a bank of other appliances and appliances intended to be fixed to an **installation wall** are enclosed to obtain protection against electric shock and harmful ingress of water equivalent to that obtained when installed in accordance with the instructions provided with the appliance.*

NOTE Appropriate enclosures or additional appliances can be needed for test purposes.

5.101 *Appliances are tested as **heating appliances** when during a mode of operation electrical heaters are energized. If no electrical heaters are energized, the appliances are tested as **motor-operated appliances**.*

5.102 *Appliances, when assembled in combination with or incorporating other appliances, are tested in accordance with the requirements of this standard. The other appliances are operated simultaneously in accordance with the requirements of the relevant standards.*

5.103 *The test conditions and requirements apply to both heated surfaces of **griddle grills**.*

6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

6.1 Replacement:

Appliances shall be **class I** with respect to protection against electric shock.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the relevant tests.

6.2 Addition:

Appliances normally used on a table shall be at least IPX3. Other appliances shall be at least IPX4.

7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

7.1 Addition:

If appliances have external **accessible surfaces**, for which temperature rise limits are specified in Table 101 and for which the provisions of footnote b to Table 101 apply, then the appliance shall be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10), or with the substance of the following:

Caution: Hot surfaces.

7.6 Addition:



[symbol IEC 60417-5041
(2002-10)]

caution, hot surface

7.12 Addition:

If the appliance incorporates a surface of glass-ceramic or similar material that provides the enclosure of **live parts**, the instructions shall include the substance of the following warning:

WARNING: If the surface is cracked, immediately disconnect the appliance or appropriate part of the appliance from the supply.

The instructions for appliances with cooking surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material shall state that aluminium foil and plastic vessels are not to be placed on the hot surfaces. They shall also state that these surfaces are not to be used for storage.

The instructions for appliances incorporating halogen lamps shall warn the user to avoid looking directly at the lamps when on.

Appliances that are provided with an appliance inlet and are intended to be immersed in water for cleaning shall be accompanied by an instruction stating that the connector shall be removed before the appliance is cleaned and that the appliance inlet shall be dried before the appliance is used again.

Unless the appliance or part is intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, the instructions for appliances with **detachable electrical parts** and appliances, other than **stationary appliances**, shall state that the appliance or part must not be immersed.

If any of the symbols IEC 60417-5021 (2002-10) or IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) are marked on the appliance, their meaning shall be explained.

The instructions shall include the substance of the following:

These appliances are intended to be used for commercial applications, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries, butcheries, etc., but not for continuous mass production of food.

If the manufacturer wants to limit the use of the appliance to less than the above, this has to be clearly stated in the instructions.

Modification:

The instruction concerning persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge and children playing with the appliance is not applicable.

7.12.1 Addition:

The appliance shall be accompanied by instructions detailing any special precautions necessary for installation. For appliances intended for installation in a bank of other appliances and appliances intended to be fixed to an **installation wall**, details of how to ensure appropriate protection against electric shock and harmful ingress of water shall be supplied. If the controls of more than one appliance are combined in a separate enclosure, detailed installation instructions shall be supplied. Instructions for **user maintenance**, for example cleaning, shall also be given. They shall include a statement that the appliance is not to be cleaned with a water jet or a steam cleaner.

For appliances that are permanently connected to fixed wiring and for which leakage currents can exceed 10 mA, particularly if disconnected or not used for long periods, or during initial installation, the instructions shall give recommendations regarding the rating of **protective devices**, such as residual current devices (RCD), to be installed.

If a **stationary appliance** is intended to be moved for cleaning, this shall be stated.

For **stationary appliances** equipped with rollers or castors or intended to be moved for cleaning, the instructions shall state the substance of the following.

This appliance is to be connected with flexible connections for equipotential bonding and connection to services such as electricity supply, water supply, gas supply and steam supply such that the appliance can be moved in the direction required for cleaning a distance not less than the dimension of the appliance in the direction of movement plus 500 mm without the flexible connections becoming taut or being subject to strain.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.12.4 Addition:

The instructions for **built-in appliances** having a separate control panel for several appliances shall state that the control panel is only to be connected to the specified appliances in order to avoid a possible hazard.

7.12.9 Not applicable.

7.14 Addition:

The height of the triangle in symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) shall be at least 15 mm.

7.15 Addition:

The marking specified for external **accessible surfaces** shall be visible when the appliance is operated as in normal use, including when actuating any switch, adjusting any control or opening a lid or door. It shall not be placed on a **functional surface** or **adjacent surface**.

Modification:

For **fixed appliances**, the marking of the name or trademark or identification mark of the manufacturer or responsible vendor and the model or type reference shall be marked on the appliance and, if not visible when the appliance is installed as in normal use, shall be included in the instructions or on an additional label that can be fixed near the appliance after installation.

7.101 If, during the test of Clause 11, the temperature rise of the side and rear walls of the test corner above the level of the cooking surface exceeds 65 K, or during the test of Clause 19 the temperature rise of the walls above and below the cooking surface level or of the floor or ceiling exceeds 125 K, the installation instructions provided by the manufacturer shall include the substance of the following that shall also be included on a permanent label attached to the appliance.

Where this appliance is to be positioned in close proximity to a wall, partitions, kitchen furniture, decorative finishes, etc., it is recommended that they are made of non-combustible material; if not, they shall be clad with a suitable non-combustible heat-insulating material.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.102 Equipotential bonding terminals shall be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5021(2002-10).

These markings shall not be placed on screws, removable washers or other parts that can be removed when conductors are being connected.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.103 Appliances or the **detachable electrical parts** of appliances intended to be partially immersed in water for cleaning shall be marked with a line that clearly indicates the maximum depth of immersion, together with the substance of the following warning:

Do not immerse beyond this line.

If there is any seam or seal that causes the appliance or part not to withstand the treatment specified in 15.102, the line indicating the maximum depth of immersion shall be at least 50 mm below any such seam or seal when the appliance or the part is in the position in which it is to be cleaned.

Compliance is checked by inspection and measurement.

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

9.101 Fan motors providing a cooling effect in order to comply with the requirements of Clause 11 shall start under all voltage conditions that can occur in use.

*Compliance is checked by the following tests using a supply source such that its drop in voltage does not exceed 1 % during the tests, the appliance being returned to **room temperature** after each test.*

*The appliance is started under the conditions occurring at the beginning of **normal operation** or, for automatic appliances, at the beginning of the normal cycle of operation, a voltage equal to 0,85 times **rated voltage** being applied to the input terminals of the appliance.*

*For appliances provided with motors having other than centrifugal starting switches, this test is repeated at a voltage equal to 1,06 times **rated voltage** being applied to the input terminals of the appliance.*

The tests are carried out three times.

*In all cases, the motor shall start and it shall function in such a way that safety is not affected and overload **protective devices** of the motor shall not operate.*

10 Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

10.1 *Addition:*

For appliances having more than one heating unit, the total power input may be determined by measuring the power input of each heating unit separately (see also 3.1.4).

11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.2 *Addition:*

Appliances intended to be fixed to the floor and appliances with a mass greater than 40 kg and not provided with rollers, castors or similar means are installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If no instructions are given, these appliances are considered as appliances normally placed on the floor.

11.3 *Addition:*

*Where the external **accessible surfaces** are suitably flat and access permits, then the test probe of Figure 101 is used to measure the temperature rises of external **accessible surfaces** specified in Table 101. The probe is applied with a force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$ to the surface in such a way that the best possible contact between the probe and the surface is ensured. The measurement is performed after a contact period of 30 s.*

The probe may be held in place using a laboratory stand clamp or similar device. Any measuring instrument giving the same results as the probe may be used.

11.4 Replacement:

Appliances are operated under **normal operation** such that the total power input of the appliance is 1,15 times **rated power input**. If it is not possible to switch on all heating elements at the same time, the test is made with each of the combinations that the switch arrangement will allow, the highest load possible with each switching arrangement being in circuit.

If the appliance is provided with a control that limits the total power input, the test is made with whichever combination of heating units, as may be selected by the control, imposes the most unfavourable condition.

If the temperature rise limits of motors, transformers or electronic circuits are exceeded, the test is repeated with the appliance supplied at 1,06 times **rated voltage**. In this case, only the temperature rise of the components for which the temperature rise limits were exceeded are measured.

11.7 Replacement:

Appliances are operated until steady conditions are established.

Steady conditions are considered to exist 60 min after reaching the temperatures defined for **normal operation**.

When an appliance is assembled in combination with, equipped with or incorporating accessories or other appliances, the interaction shall be covered if they are provided to operate simultaneously as stated by the manufacturer or by a common control.

11.8 Modification:

During the test, the temperature rises are monitored continuously and shall not exceed the values shown in Table 3 and Table 101.

Addition:

The limit of 65 K temperature rise for the rear and side test walls, including the part of the test corner that projects in front of the appliance, only applies below the level of the cooking surface. If this temperature rise limit is exceeded above this level then the requirements of 7.101 apply.

**Table 101 – Maximum temperature rises
for specified external accessible surfaces under normal operating conditions**

Surface^a	Temperature rise of external accessible surfaces^b K
<i>Bare metal</i>	48
<i>Coated metal^c</i>	59
<i>Glass and ceramic</i>	65
<i>Plastic and plastic coating > 0,4 mm^{d, e}</i>	74
^a Temperature rises are not measured on: – the underside of appliances intended to be used on a working surface or floor; – the rear surface of appliances; – surfaces that are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end; – functional surfaces and adjacent surfaces. ^b The temperature rise on external accessible surfaces up to a distance of 100 mm from adjacent surfaces of the appliance (see Figure 102) may exceed the limits by up to 25 K, but the relevant part shall then be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) or the equivalent text. ^c Metal is considered coated when a coating having a minimum thickness of 90 µm made of enamel or non-substantially plastic coating is used. ^d The temperature rise limit of plastic also applies for plastic material having a metal finish of thickness less than 0,1 mm. ^e When the thickness of the plastic coating does not exceed 0,4 mm, the temperature rise limits of coated metal for underlying metal apply or the temperature rise limits for glass or ceramic material for underlying glass or ceramic material apply.	

12 Charging of metal-ion batteries

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13.2 Modification:

Instead of the permissible leakage current for stationary class I appliances, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher;
- for other appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.

For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.

For **heating units** with surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material, a flat metal plate, 200 mm × 100 mm and 2 mm thick is used in place of the metal foil. The concavity of the major dimension of the plate shall not exceed 0,1 mm.

The plate is put in any position on the surface for a period of 1 min before the leakage current is measured.

13.3 Addition:

If there is earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the flat metal plate is connected to earthed metal.

A test voltage of 1 000 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

If there is no earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the metal plate is not connected to earthed metal.

A test voltage of 3 000 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

During the test care shall be taken to avoid overstressing other insulation.

14 Transient overvoltages

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

15 Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

15.1.1 Addition:

In addition, appliances, except those marked IPX5 and IPX6, are subjected for 5 min to the following splash test.

The apparatus shown in Figure 103 is used. The appliance is placed in normal position of use and adjustable feet shall be set in accordance with the instruction for use to the most unfavourable height.

For appliances normally used on the floor, the bowl is placed on the floor and is moved around in such a way as to splash the appliance from all directions. During the test, the water pressure is so regulated that the water splashes up 150 mm above the bottom of the bowl. The bowl is not positioned underneath the appliance.

For all other appliances, the bowl is placed on the same plane where the appliance is placed and is moved around in such a way as to splash the appliance from all directions. During the test, the water pressure is so regulated that the water splashes up 100 mm the bottom of the bowl. The bowl is not positioned underneath the appliance.

Care is taken that the appliance is not hit by the direct jet.

15.1.2 Modification:

Appliances normally used on a table are placed on a support having dimensions that are 15 cm ± 5 cm in excess of those of the orthogonal projection of the appliance on the support.

15.2 Modification:

One litre of the spillage solution is poured steadily over a period of 1 min on to the centre of the surface of the griddle plate.

15.101 Appliances that are provided with a tap intended for filling or cleaning shall be constructed so that the water from the tap cannot come into contact with **live parts**.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The tap is fully opened for 1 min with the appliance connected to a water supply having the maximum water pressure indicated by the manufacturer. Tiltable and movable parts, including lids, are tilted or placed in the most unfavourable position. Swivelling outlets of water taps are so positioned as to direct water on to those parts that will give the most unfavourable result. Immediately following this treatment, the appliance shall withstand an electric strength test as specified in 16.3.

15.102 Appliances or **detachable electrical parts** intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning shall have adequate protection against the effects of immersion.

This requirement also applies to appliances, other than **stationary appliances**, or any **detachable electrical parts** not marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion, or for which there is no warning against partial or complete immersion in the instructions.

Compliance is checked by the following tests.

*The sample is operated under **normal operation**, except that cycling controls, if any, are adjusted to the highest setting, the supply voltage being such that the power input of the appliance is 1,15 times the **rated power input**.*

When steady conditions are established or when the cycling control operates for the first time, the connector is withdrawn or the supply switched off and the sample is immediately immersed completely in water having a temperature between 10 °C and 25 °C, unless it is marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion, in which case it is immersed to the depth indicated.

After 1 h of immersion, the sample is removed from the water and dried, care being taken to ensure that all moisture is removed from the insulation in the vicinity of the pins of appliance inlets. The leakage current is then measured on the assembled appliance, as described in 16.2.

The leakage current shall not exceed the value specified in 16.2.

After the treatment described above and the measurement of the leakage current, the sample shall withstand an electric strength test as specified in 16.3, the test voltage being, however, reduced to 1 000 V.

The sample is then operated as above for 10 d (240 h). During this period, the sample is allowed to cool down to approximately room temperature five times at regular intervals.

After this period, the connector of the sample is withdrawn or the supply otherwise switched off and the sample immediately immersed once more in water for 1 h as described above. It is then dried and the leakage current is measured again as described in 16.2.

The leakage current shall not exceed the value specified in 16.2.

The sample shall then withstand an electric strength test as specified before, and inspection shall show that water has not entered the appliance where electrical components are situated to any appreciable extent.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

16.1 Addition:

For **heating units** with surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material, the tests of 16.2 and 16.3 are made with the flat metal plate as described in 13.2.

16.2 Modification:

Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher;
- for other appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.

For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.

Addition:

If there is earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the leakage current is measured for each of the **heating units** in turn, with the flat metal plate connected to earthed metal.

The leakage current shall not exceed 1 mA per kW of the power input of the **heating unit** being tested.

If there is no earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the leakage current is measured between each pole of the supply and the flat metal plate for each of the **heating units** in turn, the metal plate not being connected to earthed metal.

For each measurement the leakage current shall not exceed 0,25 mA.

For appliances intended to be used with a connector and intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, the appliance inlet may be dried, for example by means of blotting paper, before applying the test voltage, if the appliance would not otherwise withstand this test.

16.3 Addition:

If there is earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the flat metal plate is connected to the earthed metal.

A test voltage of 1 250 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

If there is no earthed metal between **live parts** and the surface of glass-ceramic or similar material, the metal plate is not connected to earthed metal.

A test voltage of 3 000 V is then applied between **live parts** and the metal plate.

17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

18 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

18.101 Appliances incorporating surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material shall withstand thermal stresses liable to occur in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

*The appliance is operated with all heating sources beneath the glass-ceramic or similar material energized at the same time. **Griddle grills** are operated in the open position.*

*The controls are set at maximum and the appliance is operated for 500 cycles, each cycle comprising 10 min on and 20 min off, the supply being 1,1 times **rated voltage**. The operation of **thermostats** or **temperature limiters** during the test is ignored.*

Immediately after the last energized period the cooking surface is subjected to a spillage test using $2^{+0,1}_0$ l of cold water between 10 °C and 15 °C, poured steadily over the surface for 1 min.

15 min later, all excess water is removed from the surface.

After the test, the surface shall not be cracked or broken and the appliance shall withstand the test in 16.3.

19 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 Addition:

A control or switching device that is intended for different settings corresponding to different functions of the same part of the appliance and that are covered by different standards is in addition set in the most unfavourable setting irrespective of the manufacturer's instructions.

19.2 Addition:

Controls are set at maximum.

19.13 Addition:

If the temperature rise of the walls above and below the cooking surface level or of the floor or ceiling exceeds 125 K, the requirements of 7.101 apply.

20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

20.1 Modification:

The test with the angle of inclination increased to 15° is not carried out.

21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

21.101 Cooking surfaces of glass-ceramic or similar material shall withstand the stresses liable to occur in normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

Heating sources beneath a surface of glass-ceramic or similar material are operated in accordance with the conditions of Clause 11 until steady conditions are established. After switching off, the cooking surface is immediately subjected to the following test.

A vessel having a bottom of copper or aluminium that is flat over a diameter of 220 mm ± 10 mm with edges rounded with a radius of at least 10 mm is uniformly filled with sand or shot so that the total mass is 4 kg. The vessel is dropped flat from a height of 150 mm onto the surface.

The test is carried out 10 times on any part of the cooking surface but not within 20 mm of control knobs.

The heating sources are then again operated in accordance with the conditions of Clause 11 until steady conditions are established.

Immediately after switching off, a quantity of $2^{+0,1}_0$ l of cold water at 15 °C ± 5 °C is then poured steadily over a period of 1 min over the surface; 15 min later all excess water is removed. The appliance is then allowed to cool to approximately ambient temperature. An additional quantity of $2^{+0,1}_0$ l of cold water is then again poured steadily over a period of 1 min over the surface.

15 min later, all excess water is removed and the surface wiped dry.

After the tests, the surface shall not be cracked or broken and the appliance shall withstand the test of 16.3.

22 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

22.101 For multi-phase appliances, **thermal cut-outs** protecting circuits with heating elements, and those for motors of which the unexpected starting can cause a hazard, shall be of the non-self-resetting and trip-free type, and shall provide **all-pole disconnection** from related supply circuits.

For single-phase appliances and for single-phase heating elements and/or motors connected between one phase and neutral or between phase and phase, **thermal cut-outs** protecting circuits with heating elements, and those for motors of which the unexpected starting can cause a hazard, shall be of the non-self-resetting and trip-free type, and shall provide at least one-pole disconnection.

If the **non-self-resetting thermal cut-out** is only accessible after removing parts with the aid of a **tool**, the trip-free type is not required.

NOTE Trip-free is an automatic action that is independent of manipulation or position of the actuating member.

Thermal cut-outs of the bulb and capillary type that operate during the tests of Clause 19 shall be such that rupture of the capillary tube shall not impair compliance with the requirements of 19.13.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test and by rupturing the capillary tube in such a way that the rupture does not seal the tube.

22.102 Lights, switches or push-buttons for the indication of danger, alarm or similar situations shall be coloured red.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.103 Portable appliances shall not have openings on the underside that would allow small items to penetrate and touch **live parts**.

*Compliance is checked by inspection and by measuring the distance between the supporting surface and **live parts** through openings. This distance shall be at least 6 mm. However, if the appliance is fitted with legs, this distance is increased to 10 mm if the appliance is intended to stand on the table and to 20 mm if it is intended to stand on the floor.*

22.104 Hinged cooking surfaces of **griddle grills** shall be protected against accidental dropping, unless they can be opened through an angle of at least 100°, even if placed against a wall.

Compliance is checked by applying a force of 20 N in the most unfavourable position and direction to the raised cooking surface. The cooking surface shall not fall back to its operating position.

22.105 Thermal controls shall not be incorporated in connectors.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

23.3 Addition:

*If the capillary tube of the **thermostat** is liable to flexing in normal use the following applies:*

- *where the capillary tube is fitted as part of the internal wiring, Part 1 applies;*
- *where the capillary tube is separate, it is subjected to 1 000 flexings at a rate not exceeding 30 per min.*

The rate of flexing may be reduced if it is not possible to move the movable part of the appliance at the given rate, due to the mass of the movable part.

After the test, the capillary tube shall show no sign of damage within the meaning of this standard and no damage impairing its further use.

However, if a rupture of the capillary tube renders the appliance inoperative (fail-safe), separate capillary tubes are not tested, and those fitted as part of the internal wiring are not inspected for compliance with the requirements.

Compliance in this instance is checked by rupturing the capillary tube in such a way that the rupture does not seal the capillary tube.

24 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

25.3 Addition:

Appliances with a mass greater than 40 kg, intended for permanent connection to fixed wiring and not provided with rollers, castors or similar means shall be constructed so that the connection can be done after the appliance has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

The connection to the fixed wiring of **built-in appliances** may be made before the appliance is installed.

Terminals for permanent connection of cables to fixed wiring may also be suitable for the **type X attachment** of a **supply cord**. In this case, a cord anchorage complying with 25.16 shall be fitted to the appliance.

If the appliance uses a **type X attachment**, the instructions shall state the size and type of the **supply cord** to be used.

25.7 Modification:

Instead of the types of **supply cords** specified, the following applies.

Supply cords shall be oil-resistant, sheathed flexible cable not lighter than ordinary polychloroprene or other equivalent synthetic elastomer-sheathed cord (code designation 60245 IEC 57).

26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

27.2 Addition:

Stationary appliances shall be provided with a terminal for the connection of an external equipotential conductor. This terminal shall

- be in effective electrical contact with all fixed exposed metal parts of the appliance, except small fixed exposed metal parts such as name-plates and similar parts;
- allow the connection of a conductor having a nominal cross-sectional area of up to 10 mm²; and
- be located in a position convenient for the connection of the bonding conductor after installation of the appliance.

28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

28.1 Addition:

Screws made of carbon steel and alloy steel shall be made in accordance with ISO 898-1.

Screws made of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel shall be made in accordance with ISO 3506-1, or ISO 3506-2, or ISO 3506-3, or ISO 3506-4.

28.4 Addition:

Screws that make mechanical connections and electrical connections shall be so designed that the contact pressure does not change appreciably through loosening of the screwed assembly parts during operational stress and contact corrosion.

Screws that make mechanical connections and provide earthing continuity shall be so designed that the contact pressure does not change appreciably through loosening of the screwed assembly parts due to operational stress and contact corrosion. They shall be designed so that a minimum contact pressure remains.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measuring the assembling torques for screwed connections providing earthing continuity by applying a torque as specified in Table 102 to turn the screw in the fastening direction. The screw shall not turn.

The screw shall not have been unfastened prior to performing this test.

Table 102 – Assembling torques for screwed connections providing earthing continuity

Outer thread diameter of the screw mm	Assembling torque Nm	
	Screwed connections for the mechanical strength of the screws A2-70 according to ISO 3506-1, or ISO 3506-2, or ISO 3506-3, or ISO 3506-4 and 5.8 according to ISO 898-1	Screwed connections for the mechanical strength of the screws > 8.8 according to ISO 898-1
> 2,8 and ≤ 3,6	0,8	1,3
> 3,6 and ≤ 4,2	1,9	3,0
> 4,2 and ≤ 5,3	3,7	6,0
> 5,3 and ≤ 6,3	6,5	10,0
M 8	15,0	25,0
M 10	31,0	50,0

29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 Addition:

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3 and the insulation shall have a comparative tracking index (CTI) not less than 250, unless the insulation is enclosed or located so that it is unlikely to be exposed to pollution during normal use of the appliance.

30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

30.2.1 Modification:

The glow-wire test is carried out at 650 °C. The glow-wire flammability index (GWFI) according to IEC 60695-2-12 shall be at least 650 °C.

30.2.2 Not applicable.

30.101 Filters, if any, of non-metallic materials intended for the absorption of grease are subjected to the burning test specified in ISO 9772 for category HBF material, if relevant, or shall be classified at least HB40 according to IEC 60695-11-10, except that the thickness of the specimen is the same as that in the appliance.

Compliance is checked by the tests of ISO 9772 or IEC 60695-11-10.

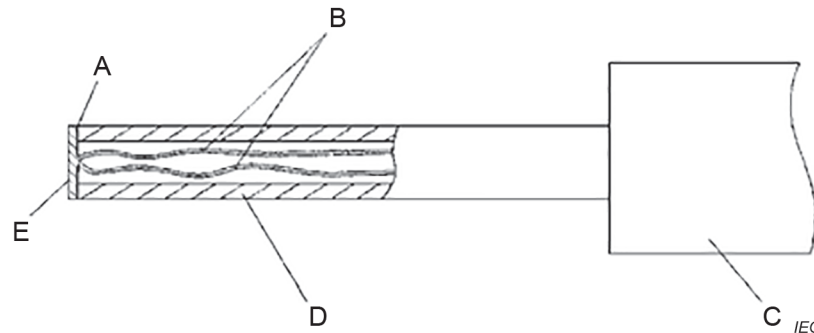
For the burning test specified in ISO 9772 it may be necessary to support the specimen.

31 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

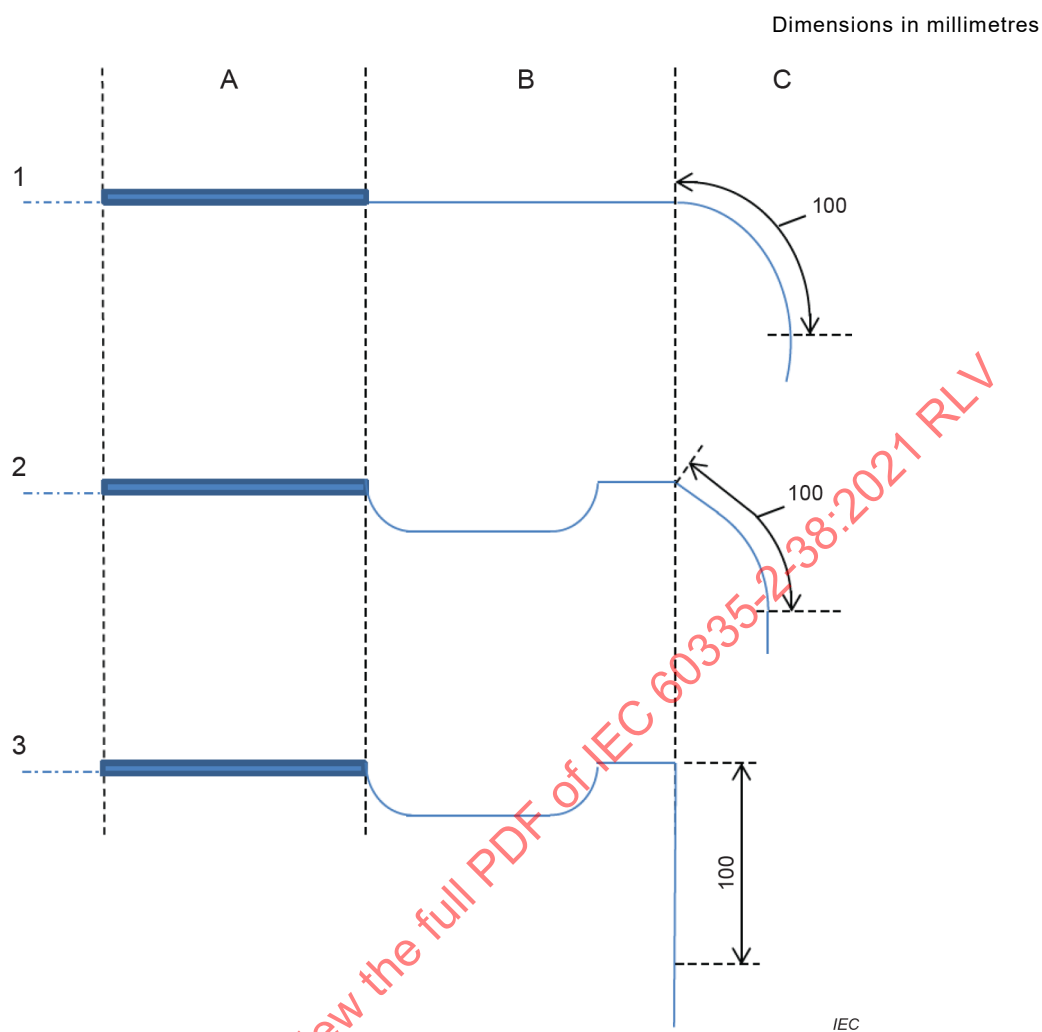
This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



Key

- A adhesive
- B thermocouple wires 0,3 mm diameter to IEC 60584-1 Type K
- C handle arrangement permitting a contact force of $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$
- D polycarbonate tube: inside diameter 3 mm, outside diameter 5 mm
- E tinned copper disc: 5 mm diameter, 0,5 mm thick with a flat contact face

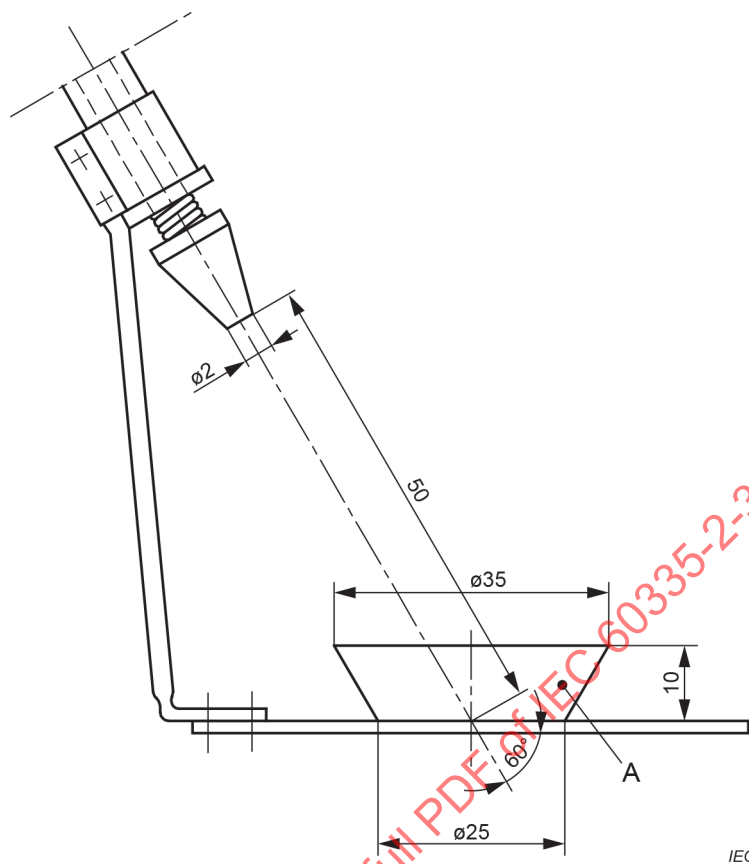
Figure 101 – Probe for measuring surface temperatures

**Key**

- A functional surface
- B adjacent surface
- C external accessible surface

Figure 102 – Identification of surfaces for temperature measurement

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

A bowl

Figure 103 – Splash apparatus

Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

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Annex B
(normative)

**Battery-operated appliances, separable batteries and detachable
batteries for battery-operated appliances**

This annex of Part 1 is not applicable.

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Annex P (informative)

Guidance for the application of this standard to appliances used in tropical climates

This annex of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

13.2 Modification:

*Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:*

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, whichever is higher;
- for other appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.

*For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:*

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, whichever is higher.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

16.2 Modification:

*Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:*

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, whichever is higher;
- for other appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.

*For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:*

- for cord and plug connected appliances 0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, whichever is higher.

Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60335-2-48, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-48: Particular requirements for commercial electric grillers and toasters*

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

APPAREILS ÉLECTRODOMESTIQUES ET ANALOGUES – SÉCURITÉ –

Partie 2-38: Exigences particulières pour les plaques à griller électriques à usage commercial

AVANT-PROPOS

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- 9) L'attention est attirée sur le fait que certains des éléments de la présente Publication de l'IEC peuvent faire l'objet de droits de brevet. L'IEC ne saurait être tenue pour responsable de ne pas avoir identifié de tels droits de brevets.

L'IEC 60335-2-38 a été établie par le comité d'études 61 de l'IEC: Sécurité des appareils électrodomestiques et analogues. Il s'agit d'une Norme internationale.

Cette sixième édition annule et remplace la cinquième édition parue en 2002, l'Amendement 1:2008 et l'Amendement 2:2017. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) alignement du texte sur l'IEC 60335-1:2020;
- b) conversion en texte normatif, modification ou suppression de certaines notes (Article 1, 7.15, 9.101, 10.1, 11.7, 13.3, 15.102, 16.2, 22.101, 22.104, 27.2, 30.101);

- c) déplacement des instructions pour le nettoyage du 7.12.1 au 7.12;
- d) déplacement du 24.101 au 22.105;
- e) exclusion des appareils alimentés par batteries et des appareils utilisés dans des lieux ouverts au public (Article 1);
- f) alignement du texte de l'IEC 60335-2-38 sur d'autres normes sous l'IEC/TC61/MT32;
- g) clarification de certaines modalités d'essais (9.101, 15.1.1, 15.102, 18.101, 20.1, 22.101, 22.102).

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

Projet	Rapport de vote
61/6375/FDIS	61/6425/RVD

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à son approbation.

La langue employée pour l'élaboration de cette Norme internationale est l'anglais.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2, il a été développé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 1 et les Directives ISO/IEC, Supplément IEC, disponibles sous www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. Les principaux types de documents développés par l'IEC sont décrits plus en détail sous www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 60335, publiées sous le titre général *Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité*, se trouve sur le site web de l'IEC.

La présente Partie 2 doit être utilisée conjointement avec la dernière édition de l'IEC 60335-1 et ses amendements, sauf si cette édition l'exclut. Dans ce cas, la dernière édition qui n'exclut pas la présente Partie 2 est utilisée. Elle a été établie sur la base de la sixième édition (2020) de cette norme.

NOTE 1 L'expression "la Partie 1" utilisée dans la présente norme fait référence à l'IEC 60335-1.

La présente Partie 2 complète ou modifie les articles correspondants de l'IEC 60335-1, de façon à transformer cette publication en norme IEC: Exigences particulières pour les plaques à griller électriques à usage commercial.

Lorsqu'un paragraphe particulier de la Partie 1 n'est pas mentionné dans cette Partie 2, ce paragraphe s'applique pour autant que cela soit raisonnable. Lorsque la présente norme mentionne "addition", "modification" ou "remplacement", le texte correspondant de la Partie 1 doit être adapté en conséquence.

NOTE 2 Le système de numérotation suivant est utilisé:

- les paragraphes, tableaux et figures qui s'ajoutent à ceux de la Partie 1 sont numérotés à partir de 101;
- à l'exception de celles qui sont dans un nouveau paragraphe ou de celles qui concernent des notes de la Partie 1, les notes sont numérotées à partir de 101, y compris celles des articles ou paragraphes qui sont remplacés;
- les annexes qui sont ajoutées sont désignées AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 Les caractères d'imprimerie suivants sont utilisés:

- exigences: caractères romains;
- modalités d'essais: caractères italiques;
- notes: petits caractères romains.

Les termes en **gras** dans le texte sont définis à l'Article 3. Lorsqu'une définition concerne un adjectif, l'adjectif et le nom associé figurent également en gras.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous webstore.iec.ch dans les données relatives au document recherché. A cette date, le document sera

- reconduit,
- supprimé,
- remplacé par une édition révisée, ou
- amendé.

NOTE 4 L'attention des Comités nationaux est attirée sur le fait que les fabricants d'appareils et les organismes d'essai peuvent avoir besoin d'une période transitoire après la publication d'une nouvelle publication IEC, ou d'une publication amendée ou révisée, pour fabriquer des produits conformes aux nouvelles exigences et pour adapter leurs équipements aux nouveaux essais ou aux essais révisés.

Le comité recommande que le contenu de cette publication soit entériné au niveau national au plus tôt 12 mois et au plus tard 36 mois après la date de publication.

Les différences suivantes existent dans les pays indiqués ci-après.

- 6.1: les appareils de la classe 01 sont admis (Japon);
- 13.2: les limites de courant de fuite sont différentes (Japon);
- 16.2: les limites de courant de fuite sont différentes (Japon).

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INTRODUCTION

Il a été considéré en établissant cette Norme internationale que l'exécution de ses dispositions était confiée à des personnes expérimentées et ayant une qualification appropriée.

Les documents de recommandations concernant l'application des exigences de sécurité pour les appareils peuvent être consultés dans les documents de support du CE 61, accessibles sur le site web de l'IEC à l'adresse

<https://www.iec.ch/tc61/supportingdocuments>

Cette information est donnée à l'intention des utilisateurs de la présente Norme internationale et n'a pas pour objet de remplacer le texte normatif de la présente norme.

La présente norme reconnaît le niveau de protection internationalement accepté contre les dangers électriques, mécaniques, thermiques, liés au feu et au rayonnement des appareils, lorsqu'ils fonctionnent comme en usage normal en tenant compte des instructions du fabricant. Elle couvre également les situations anormales auxquelles on peut s'attendre dans la pratique et elle tient compte de la façon dont les phénomènes électromagnétiques peuvent affecter le fonctionnement sûr des appareils.

Cette norme tient compte autant que possible des exigences de l'IEC 60364, de façon à rester compatible avec les règles d'installation quand l'appareil est raccordé au réseau d'alimentation. Cependant, des règles nationales d'installation peuvent être différentes.

Si un appareil relevant du domaine d'application de la présente norme comporte également des fonctions couvertes par une autre Partie 2 de l'IEC 60335, la Partie 2 correspondante est appliquée à chaque fonction séparément, dans la limite du raisonnable. Si cela est applicable, on tient compte de l'influence d'une fonction sur les autres fonctions.

Lorsqu'une Partie 2 ne comporte pas d'exigences complémentaires pour couvrir les risques traités dans la Partie 1, la Partie 1 s'applique.

NOTE 1 Cela signifie que les comités d'études responsables pour les Parties 2 ont déterminé qu'il n'était pas nécessaire de spécifier des exigences particulières pour l'appareil en question en plus des exigences générales.

Cette norme est une norme de famille de produits traitant de la sécurité d'appareils et a préséance sur les normes horizontales et génériques couvrant le même sujet.

NOTE 2 Les publications horizontales, les publications fondamentales de sécurité et les publications groupées de sécurité couvrant un risque ne sont pas applicables parce qu'elles ont été prises en considération lorsque les exigences générales et particulières ont été étudiées pour la série de normes IEC 60335.

Un appareil conforme au texte de la présente norme ne sera pas nécessairement jugé conforme aux principes de sécurité de la norme si, lorsqu'il est examiné et soumis aux essais, il apparaît qu'il présente d'autres caractéristiques qui compromettent le niveau de sécurité visé par ces exigences.

Un appareil utilisant des matériaux ou présentant des modes de construction différents de ceux décrits dans les exigences de cette norme peut être examiné et essayé en fonction de l'objectif poursuivi par ces exigences et, s'il est jugé pratiquement équivalent, il peut être estimé conforme aux principes de sécurité de la norme.

NOTE 3 Les normes traitant des aspects non relatifs à la sécurité des appareils électrodomestiques sont:

- les normes IEC publiées par le comité d'études 59 concernant les méthodes de mesure d'aptitude à la fonction;
- les normes CISPR 11 et CISPR 14-1, ainsi que les normes applicables de la série IEC 61000-3 concernant les émissions électromagnétiques;
- la norme CISPR 14-2 concernant l'immunité électromagnétique;
- les normes IEC publiées par le comité d'études 111 concernant l'environnement.

APPAREILS ÉLECTRODOMESTIQUES ET ANALOGUES – SÉCURITÉ –

Partie 2-38: Exigences particulières pour les plaques à griller électriques à usage commercial

1 Domaine d'application

L'article de la Partie 1 est remplacé par le texte suivant.

La présente partie de l'IEC 60335 traite de la sécurité des **plaques à griller** électriques à usage commercial dont la **tension assignée** est inférieure ou égale à 250 V pour les appareils monophasés raccordés entre un conducteur de phase et le conducteur de neutre, et à 480 V pour les autres appareils.

Ces appareils ne sont pas destinés à un usage domestique ou analogue. Ils sont destinés à un usage commercial pour le traitement des aliments dans des zones non ouvertes au public, par exemple dans les cuisines de restaurants, les cantines, les hôpitaux et les entreprises commerciales, telles que les boulangeries et les boucheries.

La partie électrique des appareils qui utilise d'autres formes d'énergie est également comprise dans le domaine d'application de la présente norme.

Dans la mesure du possible, la présente norme traite des dangers courants que présentent ces types d'appareils.

L'attention est attirée sur le fait que

- pour les appareils destinés à être utilisés dans des véhicules ou à bord de navires ou d'avions, des exigences supplémentaires peuvent être nécessaires;
- dans de nombreux pays, des exigences supplémentaires sont spécifiées par les organismes nationaux de la santé, par les organismes nationaux responsables de la protection des travailleurs, par les organismes nationaux responsables de l'alimentation en eau et par des organismes similaires.

La présente norme ne s'applique pas

- aux appareils prévus exclusivement pour des usages industriels;
- aux appareils destinés à être utilisés dans des locaux qui présentent des conditions particulières, telles que la présence d'une atmosphère corrosive ou explosive (poussière, vapeur ou gaz);
- aux appareils conçus pour la production continue en masse d'aliments;
- aux grills et grille-pain (IEC 60335-2-48);
- aux appareils qui incorporent des sources de chauffage à induction;
- aux **appareils alimentés par batteries**.

2 Références normatives

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec l'exception suivante.

Addition:

IEC 60584-1, *Couples thermoélectriques – Partie 1: Spécifications et tolérances en matière de FEM*

ISO 898-1, *Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation en acier au carbone et en acier allié – Partie 1: Vis, goujons et tiges filetées de classes de qualité spécifiées – Filetages à pas gros et filetages à pas fin*

ISO 3506-1, *Fixations – Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation en acier inoxydable résistant à la corrosion – Partie 1: Vis, goujons et tiges filetées de grades et classes de qualité spécifiés*

ISO 3506-2, *Fixations – Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation en acier inoxydable résistant à la corrosion – Partie 2: Ecrous de grades et classes de qualité spécifiés*

ISO 3506-3, *Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation en acier inoxydable résistant à la corrosion – Partie 3: Vis sans tête et éléments de fixation similaires non soumis à des contraintes de traction*

ISO 3506-4, *Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation en acier inoxydable résistant à la corrosion – Partie 4: Vis à tôle*

3 Termes et définitions

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec les exceptions suivantes.

3.1 Définitions relatives aux caractéristiques physiques

3.1.4 *Addition:*

Note 101 à l'article La **puissance assignée** est la somme des puissances de tous les éléments individuels de l'appareil qui peuvent être alimentés simultanément; si plusieurs combinaisons d'éléments sont possibles, celle qui donne la puissance la plus élevée sert à déterminer la **puissance assignée**.

3.1.9 *Remplacement:*

fonctionnement de l'appareil dans les conditions suivantes:

Les appareils sont mis en fonctionnement conformément aux instructions du fabricant, sans charge, et les dispositifs de commande sont réglés de façon à donner les températures indiquées ci-dessous, la température étant mesurée au point le plus chaud de chaque surface de cuisson contrôlée.

Les dispositifs de commande par pas sont réglés sur la première position qui donne une température supérieure ou égale à 275 °C. Les dispositifs de commande cycliques sont réglés afin que la valeur moyenne de la température pendant le cycle soit égale à 275 °C ± 5 °C. Si cette température ne peut pas être atteinte, le dispositif de commande est réglé sur le réglage maximal.

Les **plaques à griller doubles** sont ouvertes ou fermées, selon la condition la plus défavorable. En position fermée, les plaques sont séparées par un panneau en matériau résistant à la chaleur et de faible conductivité de 10 mm d'épaisseur dont la surface est égale à la plus petite surface de cuisson des deux plaques chauffantes.

Pour les **plaques à griller doubles** dont les deux plaques ne sont pas commandées séparément, le dispositif de commande thermique est réglé de manière à obtenir les conditions indiquées ci-dessus sur la plaque commandée directement. Lorsque les deux plaques sont commandées séparément, les conditions s'appliquent aux deux plaques.

Les moteurs et les **parties électriques amovibles** incorporés dans l'appareil sont mis en fonctionnement dans les conditions les plus défavorables qui peuvent se produire en usage normal, en tenant compte des instructions du fabricant.

3.5 Définitions relatives aux types d'appareils

3.5.101

plaque à griller simple

appareil de cuisson par contact direct entre une face de l'aliment à griller et une surface chauffée

3.5.102

plaque à griller double

appareil de cuisson par contact direct simultané des deux faces de l'aliment à griller avec deux surfaces chauffées

3.6 Définitions relatives aux parties d'un appareil

3.6.101

unité chauffante

toute partie de l'appareil qui assure une fonction autonome de cuisson ou de chauffage

3.6.102

surface fonctionnelle

surface qui est volontairement chauffée par une source de chaleur interne et qui doit être chaude pour assurer la fonction prévue de l'appareil.

Note 1 à l'article: La gaine chauffée d'un élément chauffant tubulaire constitue un exemple.

3.6.103

surface adjacente

surface qui est adjacente à une **surface fonctionnelle** et qui peut devenir chaude par conduction

3.8 Définitions relatives à des sujets divers

3.8.101

mur d'installation

construction fixe spéciale qui comporte les dispositifs pour alimenter les appareils qui y sont raccordés

4 Exigences générales

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

5 Conditions générales d'essais

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec les exceptions suivantes.

5.10 Addition:

*Les appareils destinés à être installés en batterie avec d'autres appareils et les appareils destinés à être fixés à un **mur d'installation** sont sous une enveloppe de manière à assurer une protection contre les chocs électriques et les effets nuisibles de la pénétration de l'eau équivalente à celle procurée lorsqu'ils sont installés conformément aux instructions fournies avec l'appareil.*

NOTE Des enveloppes adaptées ou des appareils supplémentaires peuvent être nécessaires pour les essais.

5.101 Les appareils sont soumis à l'essai comme des **appareils chauffants** lorsque les appareils de chauffage électriques sont sous tension au cours d'un mode de fonctionnement. Si aucun appareil de chauffage électrique n'est sous tension, les appareils sont soumis à l'essai comme des **appareils à moteur**.

5.102 Les appareils, lorsqu'ils sont montés en combinaison avec d'autres appareils ou lorsqu'ils incorporent d'autres appareils, sont soumis à l'essai conformément aux exigences de la présente norme. Les autres appareils sont mis en fonctionnement simultanément conformément aux exigences des normes correspondantes.

5.103 Les exigences et les conditions d'essai sont applicables aux deux surfaces chauffées des **plaques à griller doubles**.

6 Classification

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec les exceptions suivantes.

6.1 Remplacement:

Les appareils doivent être de la **classe I** en ce qui concerne la protection contre les chocs électriques.

La conformité est vérifiée par un examen et par les essais applicables.

6.2 Addition:

Les appareils normalement utilisés sur une table doivent être au moins IPX3. Les autres appareils doivent être au moins IPX4.

7 Marquage et instructions

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec les exceptions suivantes.

7.1 Addition:

Si des appareils possèdent des **surfaces accessibles** extérieures, pour lesquelles des limites d'échauffement sont spécifiées dans le Tableau 101 et pour lesquelles les dispositions de la note de bas de tableau b du Tableau 101 s'appliquent, l'appareil doit porter un marquage sur lequel est apposé le symbole IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) ou qui comporte en substance l'indication suivante:

Attention: Surfaces chaudes.

7.6 Addition:



[symbole IEC 60417-5041
(2002-10)]

attention: surface chaude

7.12 Addition:

Si l'appareil comporte une surface en vitrocéramique ou en matériau analogue qui constitue l'enveloppe des **parties actives**, les instructions doivent comporter en substance la mise en garde suivante:

MISE EN GARDE: Si la surface est fêlée, déconnecter immédiatement de l'alimentation l'appareil ou la partie appropriée de l'appareil.

Les instructions pour les appareils qui comportent des surfaces de cuisson en vitrocéramique ou en matériau analogue doivent indiquer que les feuilles d'aluminium et les récipients en plastique ne doivent pas être placés sur les surfaces chaudes. Elles doivent également indiquer que ces surfaces ne doivent pas être utilisées pour l'entreposage.

Les instructions pour les appareils qui comportent des lampes à halogène doivent prévenir l'utilisateur d'éviter de regarder directement la lumière émise par ces lampes.

Les appareils qui sont équipés d'un socle de connecteur, et qui sont destinés à être immergés dans l'eau pour le nettoyage, doivent être accompagnés d'une instruction qui indique que la prise mobile de connecteur doit être débranchée avant de nettoyer l'appareil et que le socle de connecteur doit être séché avant toute nouvelle utilisation de l'appareil.

A moins que l'appareil ou la partie ne soit destiné(e) à être partiellement ou complètement immergé(e) dans l'eau pour le nettoyage, les instructions des appareils qui comportent des **parties électriques amovibles** et des appareils autres que les **appareils fixes** doivent indiquer que l'appareil ou la partie ne doit pas être immergé(e).

Si l'un des symboles IEC 60417-5021 (2002-10) ou IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) est marqué sur l'appareil, sa signification doit être expliquée.

Les instructions doivent comporter en substance les indications suivantes:

Ces appareils sont destinés à un usage commercial, par exemple dans les cuisines de restaurants, les cantines, les hôpitaux et les entreprises commerciales, telles que les boulangeries et les boucheries, mais pas pour la production continue en masse d'aliments.

Si le fabricant souhaite limiter l'utilisation de l'appareil à un domaine plus restreint que celui décrit ci-dessus, cette restriction doit être clairement indiquée dans les instructions.

Modification:

L'instruction concernant les personnes (y compris les enfants) dont les capacités physiques, sensorielles ou mentales sont réduites, les personnes dénuées d'expérience ou de connaissance, et l'utilisation de l'appareil comme jouet par des enfants n'est pas applicable.

7.12.1 Addition:

L'appareil doit être accompagné d'instructions qui précisent les précautions spéciales nécessaires à l'installation. Pour les appareils destinés à être installés dans une batterie d'autres appareils, et pour les appareils destinés à être fixés à un **mur d'installation**, des précisions doivent être fournies sur la façon d'assurer une protection appropriée contre les chocs électriques et les effets nuisibles de la pénétration d'eau. Si les dispositifs de commande de plusieurs appareils sont combinés dans un boîtier séparé, des instructions d'installation détaillées doivent être fournies. Des instructions doivent également être fournies concernant **l'entretien par l'utilisateur**, par exemple pour le nettoyage. Elles doivent inclure une indication qui précise que l'appareil ne doit pas être nettoyé au moyen d'un jet d'eau ou d'un appareil de nettoyage à vapeur.

Pour les appareils raccordés de façon permanente à un câblage fixe et dont le courant de fuite peut être supérieur à 10 mA, en particulier s'ils sont déconnectés ou qu'ils ne sont pas utilisés pendant de longues périodes, ou lors de la première installation, les instructions doivent contenir des recommandations concernant les caractéristiques assignées des **dispositifs de protection** à installer, tels que les dispositifs à courant différentiel résiduel (DDR).

Si un **appareil fixe** est destiné à être déplacé pour le nettoyage, cela doit être indiqué.

Pour les **appareils fixes** équipés de rouleaux ou roulettes, ou qui sont destinés à être déplacés pour le nettoyage, les instructions doivent comporter, en substance, l'indication suivante.

Cet appareil doit être raccordé au moyen de connexions souples pour la liaison équipotentielle et le raccordement aux services tels que l'alimentation en électricité, en eau, en gaz et en vapeur afin de pouvoir déplacer l'appareil dans la direction exigée pour le nettoyage à une distance supérieure ou égale à la dimension de l'appareil dans le sens du déplacement plus 500 mm, sans tendre ni solliciter les connexions souples.

La conformité est vérifiée par un examen.

7.12.4 Addition:

Lorsque les **appareils à encastrer** comportent un tableau de commande distinct pour plusieurs appareils, les instructions doivent indiquer que le tableau de commande ne doit être connecté qu'aux appareils spécifiés, afin d'éviter tout danger éventuel.

7.12.9 Non applicable.

7.14 Addition:

La hauteur du triangle dans le symbole IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) doit être d'au moins 15 mm.

7.15 Addition:

Le marquage spécifié pour les **surfaces accessibles** extérieures doit être visible lorsque l'appareil est mis en fonctionnement comme en usage normal, y compris lors de l'actionnement d'un interrupteur, du réglage d'un dispositif de commande ou de l'ouverture d'un couvercle ou d'une porte. Il ne doit pas être apposé sur une **surface fonctionnelle** ou une **surface adjacente**.

Modification:

Pour les **appareils installés à poste fixe**, le nom, la marque déposée ou la marque d'identification du fabricant ou de son mandataire, ainsi que la référence du modèle ou du type, doivent être apposés par marquage sur l'appareil et, si le marquage n'est pas visible lorsque l'appareil est installé comme en usage normal, ces informations doivent être indiquées dans les instructions ou sur une étiquette supplémentaire qui peut être fixée à proximité de l'appareil après l'installation.

7.101 Si, pendant l'essai de l'Article 11, l'échauffement des parois latérales et postérieures du coin d'essai situées au-dessus du niveau de la surface de cuisson dépasse 65 K ou que, pendant l'essai de l'Article 19, l'échauffement des parois situées au-dessus et au-dessous de la surface de cuisson ou du sol ou du plafond dépasse 125 K, les instructions d'installation fournies par le fabricant doivent comporter en substance l'indication suivante, qui doit également figurer sur une étiquette permanente apposée sur l'appareil.

Lorsque cet appareil doit être positionné très près d'un mur, d'une cloison, d'un meuble de cuisine, de bordures décoratives, etc., il est recommandé que ceux-ci soient réalisés dans un matériau non combustible. A défaut, ils doivent être recouverts d'un matériau isolant thermique non combustible adéquat.

La conformité est vérifiée par un examen.

7.102 Les bornes de liaison équipotentielle doivent être marquées du symbole IEC 60417-5021(2002-10).

Ces marquages ne doivent pas être placés sur des vis, des rondelles amovibles ou d'autres éléments qui peuvent être enlevés lors du raccordement des conducteurs.

La conformité est vérifiée par un examen.

7.103 Les appareils ou les **parties électriques amovibles** des appareils destinés à être partiellement immergés dans l'eau pour le nettoyage doivent être marqués d'une ligne qui indique clairement la profondeur d'immersion maximale, accompagnée de la mise en garde suivante qui indique en substance:

Ne pas immerger au-dessus de cette ligne.

Si une ligne d'assemblage ou un joint empêche l'appareil ou une partie de l'appareil d'être soumis au traitement spécifié en 15.102, la ligne qui indique la profondeur d'immersion maximale doit être située à au moins 50 mm au-dessous de cette ligne d'assemblage ou de ce joint lorsque l'appareil ou la partie de l'appareil est placé dans la position dans laquelle il doit être nettoyé.

La conformité est vérifiée par un examen et par un mesurage.

8 Protection contre l'accès aux parties actives

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable.

9 Démarrage des appareils à moteur

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec l'exception suivante.

9.101 Les moteurs des ventilateurs qui assurent une fonction de refroidissement afin de satisfaire aux exigences de l'Article 11 doivent démarrer dans toutes les conditions de tension qui peuvent être rencontrées en cours d'utilisation.

*La conformité est vérifiée par les essais suivants en utilisant une source d'alimentation telle qu'il ne se produit pas de chute de tension supérieure à 1 % au cours des essais. L'appareil revient à la **température de la pièce** après chaque essai.*

*L'appareil est démarré dans les conditions qui se produisent au début du **fonctionnement normal** ou, pour les appareils automatiques, au début du cycle normal de fonctionnement, en appliquant aux bornes d'entrée de l'appareil une tension égale à 0,85 fois la **tension assignée**.*

*Pour les appareils qui comportent des moteurs équipés d'interrupteurs de démarrage autres que centrifuges, cet essai est répété en appliquant aux bornes d'entrée de l'appareil une tension égale à 1,06 fois la **tension assignée**.*

Les essais sont effectués trois fois.

*Dans tous les cas, le moteur doit démarrer et il doit fonctionner sans compromettre la sécurité, et les **dispositifs de protection** du moteur contre les surcharges ne doivent pas s'enclencher.*

10 Puissance et courant

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec l'exception suivante.

10.1 Addition:

Pour les appareils qui comportent plusieurs unités chauffantes, la puissance totale peut être déterminée en mesurant la puissance de chaque unité chauffante séparément (voir aussi 3.1.4).

11 Echauffements

L'article de la Partie 1 est applicable, avec les exceptions suivantes.

11.2 Addition:

Les appareils destinés à être fixés au sol, et les appareils dont la masse est supérieure à 40 kg et qui ne sont pas équipés de rouleaux, roulettes ou dispositifs analogues, sont installés conformément aux instructions du fabricant. En l'absence d'instructions, ces appareils sont considérés comme étant placés normalement sur le sol.

11.3 Addition:

*Lorsque les **surfaces accessibles** extérieures sont suffisamment planes et permettent l'accès, le calibre d'essai de la Figure 101 est utilisé pour mesurer les échauffements des **surfaces accessibles** extérieures spécifiées dans le Tableau 101. Le calibre est appliqué avec une force de $4\text{ N} \pm 1\text{ N}$ à la surface de manière à établir le meilleur contact possible entre le calibre et la surface. Le mesurage est réalisé après une durée de contact de 30 s.*

Le calibre peut être maintenu en place à l'aide d'une pince de laboratoire sur statif ou d'un dispositif analogue. Il est permis d'utiliser tout instrument de mesure qui produit les mêmes résultats que le calibre.

11.4 Remplacement:

*Les appareils sont mis en fonctionnement dans les **conditions de fonctionnement normal**, la puissance totale de l'appareil étant égale à 1,15 fois la **puissance assignée**. Si l'ensemble des éléments chauffants ne peuvent pas être mis sous tension simultanément, l'essai est effectué avec chaque combinaison admise par le circuit de commutation, en appliquant la charge la plus élevée possible à chaque fois.*

Si l'appareil comporte un dispositif de commande qui permet de limiter la puissance totale absorbée, l'essai est effectué avec la combinaison d'unités chauffantes qui peut être sélectionnée par le dispositif et qui donne la condition la plus défavorable.

*Si les limites d'échauffement des moteurs, des transformateurs ou des circuits électroniques sont dépassées, l'essai est répété en alimentant l'appareil à 1,06 fois la **tension assignée**. Dans ce cas, seul l'échauffement des composants pour lesquels les limites d'échauffement ont été dépassées est mesuré.*